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SATURDAY, JUNE 8, 1940.

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Destruction of Enemy Mechanised Battle Fleet Continues On Fabulous Scale As French Hold Advance at all Points: Unprecedented Fire of Shells and Bombs

GREAT BATTLE OF FRANCE RAGES WITH UNDIMINISHED FEROCITY

VON BRAUCHITSCH THROWS ALL RESERVES INTO BATTLE IN WIN OR LOSE GAMBLE

By RALPH HEINZEN
UNITED PRESS WAR CORRESPONDENT

PARIS, June 7 (UP).—In obedience to Generalissimo Weygand's famous Order of the Day ordering them "to keep the soul of France moving only ahead," the French Army to a man is now engaged between the English Channel and Chemin-des-Dames in a great battle which has assumed such historical significance that it is now officially described as the "Battle of France."

The French Army is not only holding the advance of the hordes of German infantry: everywhere along the entire front they are continuing the destruction on a fabulous scale of enemy tanks and armoured cars.

IN THE THREE DAYS OF THE GREAT BATTLE, THE FRENCH HAVE WIPE OUT A QUARTER OF THE TOTAL NUMBER OF TANKS HITLER HAS THROWN INTO THE BATTLE.

General Weygand's new tactics of permitting a limited number of the German Panzer divisions to rush through prepared holes in the French front lines to their own destruction is meeting with unqualified success.

Unprecedented Fire

Simultaneously, the Allies are concentrating an unprecedented fire of shells and bombs on tanks in other sections and on the infantry along the entire line.

As dawn broke this morning, General von Brauchitsch threw all his reserves of men, tanks and artillery into the battle.

Forty German divisions behind two thousand tanks tried to emulate the earlier successes in Flanders.

Spirit of Verdun

But the spirit of Verdun has penetrated the French armies.

Every inch of abandoned territory has been ceded only at a terrific cost in blood and lives—both German and French.

By dusk to-night von Brauchitsch's cover of tanks had been cut to barely 1,500 by the decimating of the large mechanised force which tried to penetrate the French rear without covering protection from infantry and artillery.

Tempo Unabated

A French G.H.Q. spokesman told me to-night that the tempo of destruction had continued unabated throughout the day, but there has been no official estimate since this morning's announcement by the War Office that 400 land battleships and other armoured vehicles had been destroyed yesterday.

With the loss of these units of penetration the German pressure was noticeably weakened at several points to-day.

Three Main Axis

But there were still three main axis of German attacks—along the lower Somme around Abbeville in the direction of Dieppe and Blangy; against the great mass of French troops between Amiens and Peronne and chiefly at Peronne itself and against Chemin des Dames, the famous battlefield of the World War which lies between Soissons and Rethel.

Destruction of Tanks

The operation in the Chemin des Dames area appears to be halted in the Allotte River valley, the French continuing to hold both the northern crests along the river and stand across along the rolling hills south of the heights of the Aisne.

The Front Line

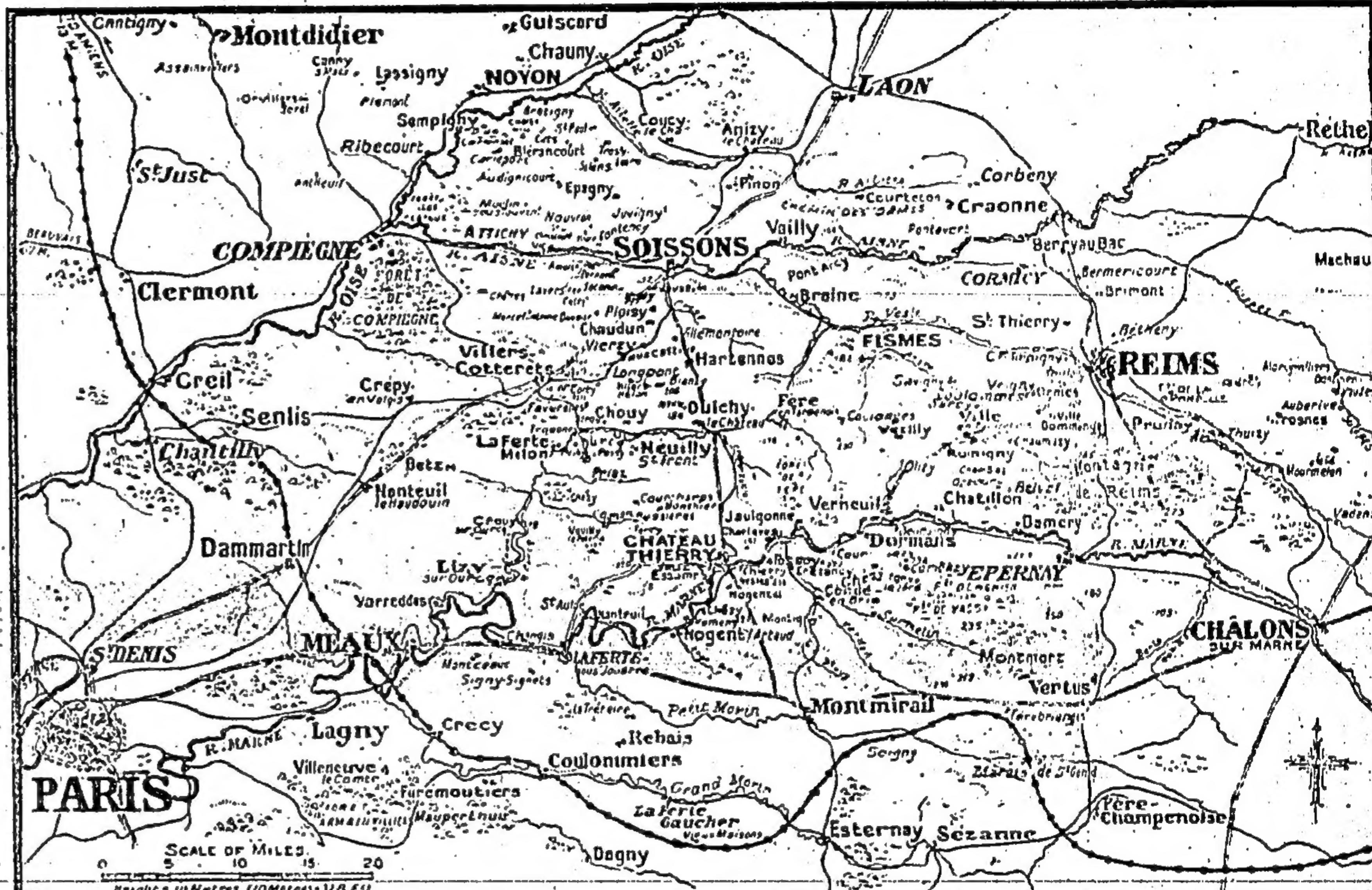
The approximate front to-night stretched from Rethel to the banks of the River Aisne in the Chemin des Dames area. From near La Fere the front curves sharply northwards to La Fere, and then to Peronne, on the River Somme. Westwards towards the English Channel, the front lines roughly follow the River Somme through Amiens to Abbeville.

The Germans have advance positions on the Laon Road at La Fere, seven miles north of Soissons.

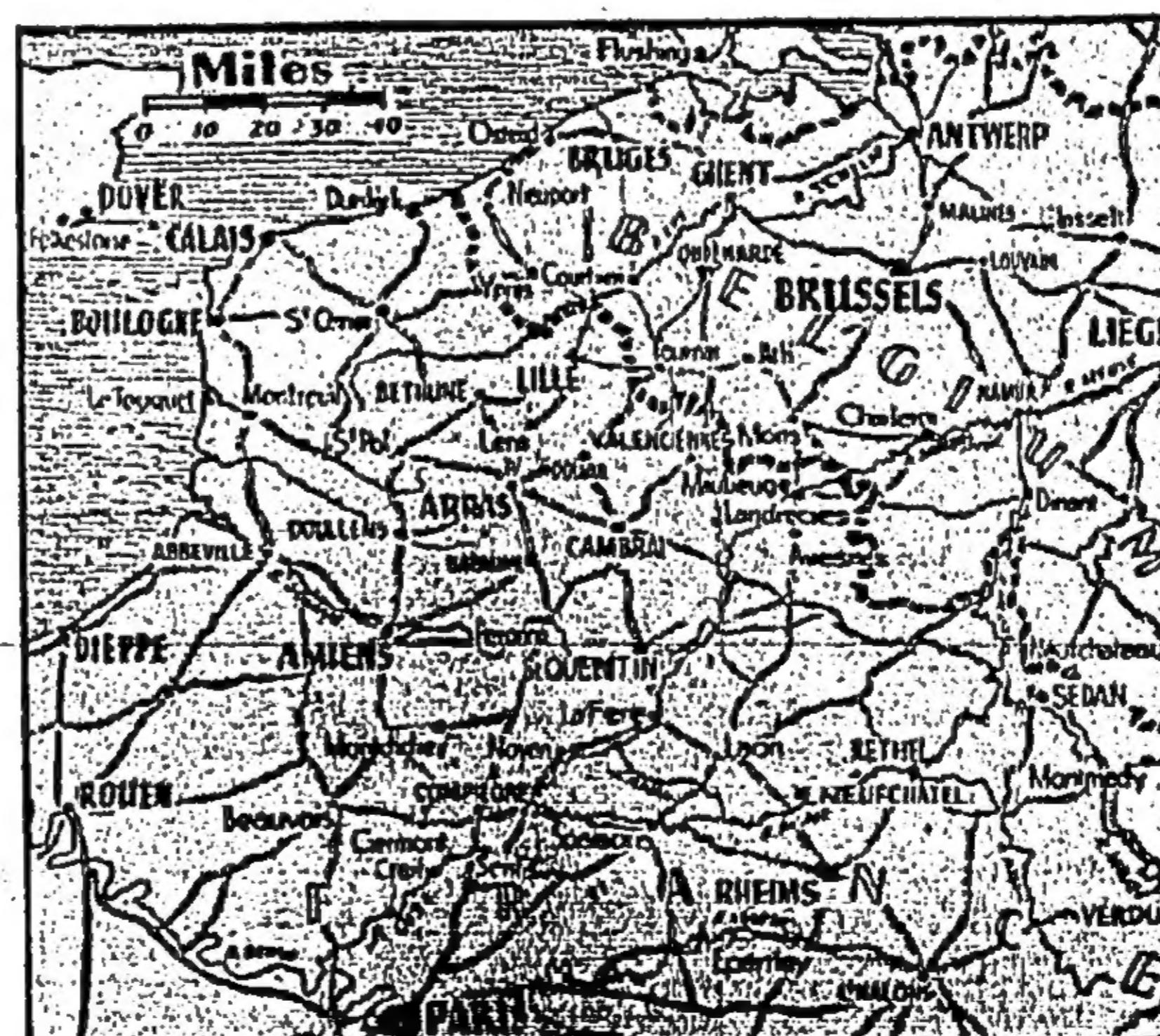
Position at La Fere

The position at La Fere is being held by tanks and infantry because at that point the Germans engaged their heaviest amount of both tanks and infantry in any single sector along the front.

Turn to Page 5, Second Column



SCENE OF THE FIERCEST NAZI ATTACK.—The Germans have launched their greatest attack with mechanised forces in the Chemin-des-Dames area between Soissons and Laon, whose relationship to Paris is shown in the above map.



THE MAP ABOVE shows relationship of Chemin-des-Dames to the general front, which is along the line of the Somme from the English Charnieuse Abbéville to Amiens, then to Peronne, La Fere, Laon, Rethel and up to the frontier near Sedan.

BRITISH, ITALIAN TROOPS MASS ON ETHIOPIA BORDER

By Reynolds Packard

ROME, June 8, (UP).—Italy's entry into the war is considered inevitable to-day, as authorised circles reported border incidents and the heavy massing of British and Italian troops on both sides of the Kenya-Ethiopia frontier.

These circles claim to-day that either Haile Selassie or one of his followers is leading an army of 8,000 towards Abyssinia, despite the fact that London claims that the Negus is still residing at Bah.

Turn to Page 5, Third Column

Naval Officer's Gallantry At Narvik

FIRST VICTORIA CROSS AWARDED

LONDON, June 7 (Reuter).—The first Victoria Cross of the war has been awarded to the late Captain G. M. Warburton-Lee.

Captain Warburton-Lee led the first destroyer attack on Narvik on April 10.

Orders were given by the Admiralty to attack the enemy and especially the store ships in which the Nazis had smuggled their soldiers up the Norwegian corridor and on which they must depend for the efficiency of their defence.

The following is an account of the raid by Mr. Winston Churchill, who was then First Lord of the Admiralty:

"From all we had heard, we thought the operations so hazardous that we bid the Commander of the Destroyer Flotilla (Capt. Warburton-Lee) that he must be the sole judge whether to attack or not, and that we would support him whatever he did and whatever happened.

"He decided to attack. Five British destroyers attacked up Narvik Fjord and engaged six German destroyers of the latest and largest type which were also supported by shore batteries and guns. Heavily armoured German H.M.S. Hunter was sunk and the Hardy was so severely injured that she had to run ashore and became a wreck. The Hotspur also received serious damage and the destroyer Hostile received slight damage. The remaining vessel, Havoc, was untouched.

"After a most determined action against a superior force of larger and more modern ships and in the face of gunfire from the shore, the damaged Hotspur withdrew, covered by two other destroyers.

"The German destroyers appeared in no condition to attempt pursuit. A 1,000-ton German destroyer was torpedoed and believed sunk, and three were left heavily hit and burning. The loss was important. The merchant ships engaged containing unloading stores of the German expedition were sunk in the action by the British destroyers.



Captain Warburton-Lee, who has become the first recipient of the V.C. in the present war. He commanded the British destroyers which took part in the action in Narvik Fjord against superior enemy forces.

unloaded stores of the German expedition were sunk in the action by the British destroyers.

"On the way out, they met the German ship, Ravnafeld, which was found to be carrying reserve ammunition to the landed German force. The vessel was blown up.

Captain Warburton-Lee, who commanded the Hardy, was fatally injured in the explosion. When the Hardy was beached, the survivors had to swim about 300 yards through cold water to the shore. The crew put their captain on a stretcher and took him with him. However, he died later on the beach.

ENTERTAINMENTS

Montgomery never acted

FILMS by "FIRST NIGHT"

"The Earl of Chicago."
Robert Montgomery, Edward Arnold.

IF YOU WERE to meet Robert Montgomery, he would tell you that of all his pictures (and he has made forty-two pictures in eleven years, which is four more pictures than the number of years he has been Montgomery) his best acting occurs in "The Earl of Chicago."

And, for once, the actor is right: Montgomery has made an issue about this acting business, and I am on his side. He says that screen stars should be allowed to act occasionally. (He has made forty-two, been allowed to be an actor twice.) He went to London, saw Emily Williams's "Night Must Fall," went home, and made the picture.

He went to London to make "The Earl of Chicago," and only Mr. Chamberlain's broadcast on September 3 prevented him from doing what he wanted to do then. I give him credit, too, for going home when he was told to make the picture in California, and coming straight back here. He'll probably settle down in England, which is a country he likes.

Montgomery is a Chicago Dead End Kid who becomes an English earl in this film. When he was a Dead End kid he was in a boat running liquor between Canada and Detroit in prohibition days, and the two men who run the boat get drunk, fight it out with guns, and the boy who's left sees them die slowly.

That makes him allergic to guns. (He can't stand them.) When he grows up to be a big shot in Chicago he still can't stand them, and he has his liquor business run on strictly legal lines. He won't stand for any income-tax trap, which tripped Al Capone.

A London lawyer hits the town with the information that he is the lawful heir to the earldom of Gorley and an entailed estate, gift of a grateful nation which will always remember that the first earl saved the country from a gangster called Cromwell, who bumped off the first Charles.

When the latest earl hears this he is flipping an elastic band at the silicon leg of an unnamed, unseen floozie. He reckons it's a new racket, comes to England to clean up on the ten million bucks lying around.

The rest-of-the-picture shows the gradual creep up on the new Lord Gorley of the tradition of England.

He says: "When I want to kill a guy I crush him. I don't leave little holes in him." And he says: "Honesty is like being left-handed. You can't help it."

But when his sponsors lead him to the Woolack to be sworn in as a peer of the realm he swells in terror. And finally, because he kills another gangster (the sleek Edward Arnold), he is tried by his peers at Westminster, is condemned to die, and walks to the scaffold at the Tower in satin breeches and silk stockings, with his head up, like the Gorleys did before him.

Montgomery plays this part with a whimsy of motion delight and a staring, sultry determination.

As this film had no academy awards I give it three: (1) To Montgomery for being a film star who gets away with a large lump of acting; (2) to Hollywood for turning out such fine British propaganda in wartime; (3) to producer Victor Saville for playing the final execution scene in the Tower with as much balance as a tight-rope walker, so close is he between tragedy and a giggle.

I rate this film outstanding.

Film: "Sweethearts." Stars: Jeanette MacDonald, Nelson Eddy. Verdict: Good.

A DELIGHTFUL musical romance based on Victor Herbert's operetta dealing with the married love of stars of successful musical comedy.

A friend engineers a quarrel to prevent them going to Hollywood but they are eventually reunited through a dramatic critique.

There is a pleasing succession of romantic incidents alternated with elaborate stage song-and-dance sequences put over in an artistic and convincing manner.

The staging has been enhanced by the dexterity of the Technicolor photography.

Jeanette MacDonald and Nelson Eddy are both in splendid voice and their work as a team is particularly effective.

Supporting portrayals are competently handled by a number of well-known players.

Excellent entertainment.

says he's better . . .



burlesque of "The Drunkard."
I'd say pantomime is right.

ELSLIE Howard, who hasn't been at work since he came from Hollywood last summer, now has two pictures on hand. One is the Ministry of Information's Scarlet Pimpernel story, based on a Government Blue-book. The other is "The Man Who Lost Himself," which he'll do for Grand National Pictures.

I've got a little list of British screen stars who, for one reason or another, are unemployed. I'm glad to cross Howard off it. The next name to go may be Will Hay.

Verdict: Very good.

RUDYARD Kipling's novel, now filmed for the third time, gives Ronald Colman a splendid role for the exercise of his personal charm and histrionic range.

As a painter threatened with the loss of sight, he paints a London slut, who destroys his masterpiece in a fit of temper. The full anguish of his discovering this when blind has been missed. Forbes-Robertson, in the role, felt a slashed canvas with his fingers; here disfiguring paint has to be mentioned to him.

Walter Huston, looking like Ramsay MacDonald, is admirable as his war-correspondent pal, a part first played by Aubrey Smith, and Ida Lupino does well as the scorned trollop. Muriel Angelus makes a very good Hollywood debut as Maisie, the girl he treats rather queerly, and Dudley Digges' role is unexplained. I don't like blindness as a dramatic theme, nor is Colman, sightless, taking part in a fatal cavalry charge, very credible. But it is a sincere, excellent production with lots of light and shade.

Re the Tower Bridge: It is time Hollywood resisted the temptation to put this London landmark into stories of a period before it was built.

Alice Faye's vivacious personality is one of the attractions here; another is her singing of a good many songs, some of them old favourites. Al Jolson sings a come-back, with blue face, white gloves, and sweet sentiment as before. Mr. Jolson's technique is certainly not that of those who croon fashionably into a microphone, but his vitality cannot be denied.

Film: "Disputed Passage." Stars: Dorothy Lamour, Akim Tamiroff. Verdict: A la Lamour.

THIS is a matter-of-fact story of a cynical old scientist's efforts to sunder a romance between a promising student and a Chinese girl.

The theme of science versus sentiment breaks no new ground, while the narration is mostly a matter of dialogue rather than material incident.

CHARLES Laughton has been telling America that he wants to play the part of George Washington in a Hollywood film. The suggestion seems to have been met with some ribaldry by the United States Press.

So now Laughton says he'll be Benjamin Franklin instead. If he can't play with his little hatchet, he'll play with his little kite.

SUMMER is here. Walkin' thru Mockin' Bird Lane is the best tune I've heard this year. If you take it, too, try one or two recordings—Joe Loss on H.M.V. and Burney Gilbrith's Coconut Grove Quartet on Parlophone.

WILLIAM Farnum once signed a picture contract worth half a million. Recently he staged his coming-out. He recited a poem and "But the violin still pursued her" standing in the middle of a bar-room floor. This scene is supposed to be pathetic, the only straight piece in an elaborate

A Look Through The "Telegraph"

50 YEARS AGO

June 8, 1910.
The "noble" game of golf has lately attracted a great deal of attention. A not very previously attractive heath and commons have been spoiled by it, a good many previously unknown tailors have made their fortunes out of the game, and the like has been written upon the subject. Altogether it has been a good deal, so I thought I might employ with advantage some of the recent holidays in getting up the subject.

I find upon careful and most painstaking investigation that golf is a game which has been called into existence to meet a real want. It is a game especially—and may almost any other—of the more advanced section of civilised humanity which I will describe as the over-fleshy.

25 YEARS AGO

June 8, 1915.
The Admiralty announces that a Zeppelin visited the East Coast of England last night. Incendiary explosive bombs were dropped and caused fires that resulted in five deaths and injuring 40 people.

Mr. Winston Churchill said: "Peace is impossible in Europe till German militarism is so shattered that it is unable in any way to resist the will of the conquering power. The German army must be beaten into submission and mobilised, and the Government must assert such control that everyone will do his or her fair share. As the grand review of the British army is to be held on June 14, Britain's might should be shown in one man, and Britain's might will be irresistible."

10 YEARS AGO

June 8, 1930.
Mr. Douglas Jenkins, Consul General for the United States in Canton and Doyen of the Consular Corps, has been advised from Washington D.C. of his transfer to Hongkong as Consul-General to succeed Mr. Jenkins as Consul General for the United States of America in Canton. Mr. Culver B. Chinibberian, at present Consul for the United States of America in Tientsin, will succeed Mr. McKenna as Consul.

5 YEARS AGO

June 8, 1935.
The departure of the Japanese garrison force, which was scheduled to be relieved by new troops arriving in Nanking June 10, has been postponed. The Japanese garrison forces will be detained for an indefinite period. Reports received in Tokyo from Shanghai state that Japanese troops have withdrawn from their posts, intend to present an early and definite ultimatum to Nanking unless the Chinese change their attitude towards the Japanese demands.

Mr. Ramsay MacDonald, the Prime Minister, is expected to resign tomorrow after the House rises at 11 o'clock. Immediately afterwards Sir Ernest Bevin, Lord President of the Council, will be summoned to Buckingham Palace and will hand to His Majesty his list of Ministers.

A German version of the fate of the Lusitania was published in the "Vorwärts" Berliner Beobachter on May 7, the anniversary of the sinking. It was written by a U-boat Captain, Karl Scherf, who was officer of the watch in the submarine U-20 when it encountered the Lusitania off the coast of Ireland. In the article, he says: "The U-boat had a long article, entitled 'The sinking of the English auxiliary cruiser Lusitania.' His account helps to clear up several points that have been debated up to now."

Captain Scherf recalls that in retaliation of the blockade Germany declared on February 28, 1915, that all British merchant ships encountered in the waters around Great Britain and Ireland. At 7 a.m. on April 30 the U-20 commanded by Captain Scherf, which had been sent with orders to torpedo a transport known to be leaving the Mersey during the next two days.

Captain Scherf describes how, while to the surface on May 7, he sighted at 2.20 p.m. first the two masts, then the four funnels of the Lusitania. At first he thought they were the masts and funnels of a British liner, but when he realized that they belonged to a trans-Atlantic liner.

Quickly submerging, the U-20 waited at a depth of 30 feet. Every few minutes Captain Scherf would raise above the surface for a brief while to watch the oncoming ship, which it was agreed soon after 3 p.m. could be only a British vessel making for America.

Preparations were made for attack, and at 3.20 p.m. Captain Scherf commanded that the bow torpedo should be released. This hit the Lusitania in the starboard side, causing a tremendous explosion.

Captain Scherf then relates how, while the Lusitania heeled, blowing off steam, he descended the side ladder and, after having descried her burning, he writes, "Now we knew."

"England's biggest merchant vessel. What a tremendous event. After finding his ship in flames, the commander leant against the periscope, moved deeply as a man."

Commented the lensman: "That dame looks better falling down than most of them do standing up."

Mrs. Charlie Kunz died at Bogor recently, after seven months' illness.

Harry Brand, American exhibitor who startled everybody by issuing a list of stars who are "box-office poison" (Dietrich, Hepburn, Cagney, Crawford) has now added by issuing another list of box-office life-savers—Clark Gable, Bette Davis, Ginger Rogers, Deanna Durbin, Tyrone Power, Spencer Tracy, Myrna Loy, Jimmy Stewart, Jean Arthur.

A BROKEN DOWN SYSTEM. This is a condition (or disease) to which many people are subject. It is simply weakness and breakdown. It is one of the vital forces that sustain the system. No matter what may be its cause, there are almost always symptoms of prostration, weariness, depression of spirits, loss of appetite, loss of energy, etc.

There are many causes of this condition, such as overstrain of the heart, lungs, kidneys, liver, etc.

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0032 Cars, Bang, I want to go home Billy Cotton's band.
0045 There'll always be an England Billy Cotton's band.
0044 Man with the mandolin Billy Cotton's band.
0022 That started it Billy Cotton's band.
0021 We must all stick together Billy Cotton's band.
0022 I never knew heaven could speak You grow sweeter as the years go by. Roy Smeek & Hawaiian Serenaders.

0066 Entente Cordiale Billy Cotton's band.
0058 Cars, Bang, I want to go home Jay Wilbur and his band.
0058 I poured my heart into a song Love never grows old.
0078 Medley of Good cheer Primo Scalias accor. band.
0078 Knees of Mother Brown. Here's a health. Jolly good company. Booms a health. The more we are together. Auld lang sync.
0096 Somewhere in France with you Billy Cotton's band.
0097 Day in, day out Billy Cotton's band.
0097 I'll pray for you Billy Cotton's band.

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He is the most gifted man in the House of Commons assembly. He is also, in private life, no less than in public, one of the most unusual

Marlborough was forefather

A descendant of John, first Duke of Marlborough, Queen Anne's great general, he retains—some of the habits of an 18th Century aristocrat.

once. They are landscapes and some of them are pretty good. His other recreations are of a sedentary nature; billiards, backgammon, a flutter at the tables in Le Touquet, an occasion of very costly venture into the Wall Street market, which for some reason he prefers to that of London.

He is physically capable of standing a good deal of wear and tear, but it is the athletic mind rather than the healthy body that keeps him going at top speed. Few men are more agile, more abandoned in the pursuit of an idea. If one strikes him, in the bath, or half way through dressing, he will rush

Hussars, with a gift for polo and little else.

Then quite suddenly, his intellect began to assert itself. In the tedium of army life at Bangalore, he took to reading—Gibbons' *History of the Roman Empire*, Macaulay, Darwin, Muirhead, Plato. He grew restless; his family pulled strings at home; he was attached to the 31st Punjab Infantry as war correspondent in their campaign against the Pathans. Not long afterwards more strings were pulled and he obtained a similar position in Kitchener's war against the Dervishes of the Sudan.

The two books which resulted from these adventures—“The Story of the Malakand Field Force” and

out, calling for a secretary to take it down.

Drives his secretaries hard

The spectacle of a stout gentleman in silk underclothes or a bath towel, or nothing at all, is not good for the nerves of housemaids and his week-end hostesses have been known to warn their staffs in advance of this Churchill habit.

As for his secretaries, he employs four, five or six and drives them hard.

Tireless himself, he does not expect them to be tired, and they probably only stay with him because of his ability to charm anyone whom he wishes to charm.

He is a strong family man, devoted to his wife and children. This is one of the reasons why he works so hard, for his family, like himself, is not averse, to luxury. Amidst all his other interests, he is constantly writing. His income from that and from his lectures may amount to as much as £20,000 in a good year. As Chancellor of the Exchequer he was known as a heavy spender of public money; in private life, he and his family are heavy spenders of his own.

Under these circumstances, it is not surprising that much of his prose should be hurried.

At its worst it is very readable and at its best, it ronics with the best in England.

In clarity, its dramatic intensity and moments of profound insight. In its ability to wear the purple without disaster, there stands revealed the inner personality of Churchill.

Not to be confused with Winston Churchill, the American novelist, he has written 16 books of which only one is a novel and that a youthfully-indiscreet.

Most of his output is of a military character, for his is an authority on military sciences.

His story of last war

His “World Crisis”, a three volume history of the last War, is remarkable in many respects.

It brings to the description of those terrible campaigns a scientific detachment, a high strategic imagination, and a dreamy relish for the effusion of blood.

It has another gift, more commendable and more rare among historians—knowledge of how men who are not historians behave. The same can be said of his “Marlborough”, a fine biographical defense of his ambiguous ancestor. And now, with the last volume of “Marlborough” still among the newly published books, he is well on his way to completing the first volume of his “History of the English Speaking People”.

His writing, however, will always come second to Churchill's political career.

Crumpled Formality

In London he dresses with crumpled formality. In the country he wears, whenever possible, a workman's blue overall, and though he has never, in any circumstances, sat down to dinner in anything but evening clothes, he appears to be in repose. He seems old, bored, inert. He looks like a connoisseur of food and wine who for years has not bothered to take enough exercise.

In America, in 1931, he had a number of lecture engagements all over the country.

It was the very depth of Prohibition. He insisted, however, that a bottle of vintage champagne should be provided for him at dinner time, wherever he happened to be. He would also order three or four dinners at one time, not out of gluttony, but out of a desire to pick and choose among the best features of each hotel's cuisine. His agent had to meet these expenses, besides paying \$1,000 a lecture.

Churchill has his recreations, though. His grounds at Chartwell Manor in Kent are embellished with artificial dams and falls. He built them himself. He built the cottages and the garden walls. He installed the pump which sends water up from the lower pond to the upper pond with the goldfish.

At Chartwell, he rarely goes out without a shovel or rake, unless it is painting day.

His pictures, signed “Charles Martin”, have been exhibited only

at Epping, and the electors of Epping sent him back to Parliament.

At last he realised what had happened; he was a Tory and a Tory of the more extreme type, and the ex-Liberal Minister entered Mr. Baldwin's administration as Chancellor of the Exchequer where for five years he produced a series of budgets in which only the most astute brains could distinguish the finance from the fire-works.

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WE OFFER highest prices to any amount of gold articles, jades, jewels, diamonds, etc. Apply Tianshi Gold Refining Co., 7th floor, China Building, 1st, 30/21. No holidays.

FOR SALE.

"HONGKONG AS REVEALED BY THE CAMERAS," Second Edition. Over 40 excellent views of the Colony. Price \$1.50. Obtainable at Kelly & Wall, Ltd., Hongkong Travel Bureau or from the Publishers, South China Morning Post, Ltd., Wyndham Street.

APARTMENTS TO LET.

ONE UP-TO-DATE furnished bedroom with verandah, bathroom, kitchen, garage and refrigerator. One large furnished room (12' by 25') with bathroom in new house available June 15. Write P. O. Box 402.

CEASELESS BOMBING

R.A.F. Pound At Nazi Communications

LONDON, June 7 (Reuter).—An Air Ministry communiqué issued to-day states that the R.A.F. have attacked the enemy on several occasions.

Throughout yesterday, last night and to-day, says the communiqué, medium and heavy R.A.F. bombers made sustained attacks on enemy lines of communication leading to the battlefield. They also made attacks on a wide variety of targets in the forward areas immediately behind the fighting fronts.

Railheads, railway junctions, bridges, cross-roads, troops, tank concentrations and gun positions have been systematically and repeatedly bombed along the whole front.

Five of our medium bombers failed to return.

Moro Raids On Germany

Formations of our heavy bombers last night attacked refineries, marshalling yards, lines of communication and aerodromes in southern Belgium and north-west Germany. All these aircraft returned safely.

The aircraft of the Coastal Command and the Army co-operation units carried out a continuous series of patrols and reconnaissances by sea and land.

One of these aircraft was lost.

Our fighters again have been active. Fifteen enemy aircraft have been destroyed. Four of our fighters are missing.

Hamburg Raided

BERLIN, June 7 (Reuter).—Allied aircraft made another raid on Hamburg last night, the official news agency revealed to-day.

R.A.F. Disorganise Enemy

PARIS, June 7 (Reuter).—An Air Ministry communiqué issued to-day states that our Air Force has intervened extensively in the last three days lighting.

They have attacked enemy troops, reinforcements and supply columns.

The disorder which our air activity has inflicted on enemy operations during the past few days has greatly facilitated the operations of the land forces.

Our bombers last night vigorously attacked the rear areas of the battlefield and hit many supply columns and railroads.

Nazi Columns Paralysed

To-day, attacks in successive waves by bomb and cannon crews operating at low heights, paralysed the enemy columns at many points. Their armoured vehicles and petrol lorries were set on fire. A considerable number of enemy tanks were put out of action.

Our fighters have been very active providing a very effective protection on these various destructive missions.

The French fighters brought down 21 enemy aircraft on the northern front yesterday.

Oil Supplies Raided

LONDON, June 7 (Reuter).—The principal objectives of last night's R.A.F. raids on German oil supplies were a large storage plant near Delfzehofen and a refinery south of Hamburg. Fires were seen to break out of the refinery following the dropping of about 70 bombs.

A group of oil tanks near Ghent which were still burning as a result of an earlier raid, were again attacked and new fires spread rapidly.

A few miles south of Aachen the main railway line was blocked by the collapse of one end of the tunnel which was repeatedly hit.

In the western battlefields, damage was inflicted on rail communications at Bapaume, Bethune, Abbeville, Amiens, Arras and Elaples. A convoy near Hesdin was hit.

Link Columns Bombed

Enemy aerodromes at Noyenoy and Arras were raided by French airmen, who had just returned from bombing

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS

ANNOUNCEMENT

We wish to announce that our Stores and Dispensing Departments will be closed at 8 p.m. every evening commencing 10th June, 1940, until further notice.

GRAND DISPENSARY, LTD.

KING'S DISPENSARY.

LANE, CRAWFORD, LTD.

NOTICE is hereby given that the Eighteenth Ordinary Yearly Meeting of Shareholders will be held at Exchange Building, Hong Kong, on SATURDAY, 8th June, 1940, AT ELEVEN O'CLOCK A.M.

The Transfer Books of the Company will be closed from 28th MAY to 8th JUNE, 1940, both days inclusive.

By Order of the Board of Directors.

A. W. BROWN,
Manager.
Hongkong, 23rd May, 1940.

HARIRAM'S SILK STORE

Hongkong & Kowloon

Notice is hereby given that Mr. K. Nenumaru is no longer employed by the above firm.

AMBASSADOR TO COME TO H.K.

CHUNGKING, June 7 (Reuter).—The British Ambassador, Sir Archibald Kerr, who had provisionally booked to leave for Hongkong by air to-morrow, has postponed his departure.

Although no new definite date is fixed, it is understood that the Ambassador will probably leave early next week.

Lady Kerr left Chunching for Hongkong by air yesterday.

Mr. M. H. Turner has been nominated to be member of the Court of the University of Hongkong for further period of three years.

The German lines, and who told how they had helped to put some 400 German tanks out of action, wires "Reuter's" correspondent with the French Army.

"Using the new American planes which are excellent, we were able to bomb Nazi tank columns most effectively," said a young Lieutenant. "The German anti-aircraft defence was very much less effective than when we bombed the enemy troops after the May 14 offensive. German pursuit planes were also very little in evidence, whereas ours were doing fine work protecting the bombing squadrons."

"French bombers are also taking ammunition and other supplies by parachute to an isolated French outpost which had refused to withdraw, and which was harassing the enemy flanks."

French tanks are also taking a heavy toll of German mechanised columns. "When I visited Paris, I found many precautions taken against both land and air attacks. Lines of obstacles were drawn up along the main avenues where it would be possible for the enemy to land troops carrying planes," adds "Reuter's" correspondent.

Armoured Units Attacked

LONDON, June 7 (Reuter).—Columns of armoured fighting vehicles and supply lorries had been reported by reconnaissance aircraft to be massing near Abbeville.

They were attacked during heavy R.A.F. raids on Friday.

Many tons of heavy bombs and a large quantity of smaller bombs were dropped during the raid which lasted ten minutes. It was carried out at a low level.

Two bombers were attacked by this Messerschmitt 109s.

Fighting the enemy off with their guns, the planes spiraled down almost to the ground in a running fight which lasted 20 minutes.

One Messerschmitt caught a hasty burst of fire at close range and when last seen appeared to have been badly damaged.

Roads, Bridges Bombed

In the afternoon, roads and bridges were attacked by medium bombers.

Breaking up into sections, the planes attacked their objectives in shallow attacks.

During 45 minutes of bombing, direct hits were scored on the main road and railway bridges leading out of Abbeville. The railway lines and cross-roads were also wrecked or blocked for some time by demolished buildings.

Bridges over the Somme Estuary were attacked later in the day.

Three direct hits were scored in succession on one of the important bridges. These hits were scored by heavy bombers which, at times, dropped down to within 1,000 feet of the ground.

They carried out their mission in the face of intense anti-aircraft fire from mobile guns.

German Report

LONDON, June 7 (Reuter).—A Special High Command announcement from Berlin says: "The port of Cherbourg was heavily bombed during the night in the face of violent anti-aircraft fire.

Explosions and large fires were observed on moles and quays."

CHURCH NOTICES

ST. ANDREW'S (CHURCH OF ENGLAND, KOWLOON)

Sunday, June 9, Third Sunday After Trinity
Holy Communion 10 a.m. The monthly monthly Communion. Breakfast after this service, and all Communicants are invited to attend.

Matins and address 11 a.m. Preacher, The Vicar.

Evensong and address 7 p.m. Preacher, The Vicar. The Vicar. The Vicar.

Wednesday, June 11.—St. Barnabas, A.M. & M.; Holy Communion 7.30 a.m.; Women's Guild 10.30 a.m.; Brownie Pack 3.30 p.m.; Primary Sunday School 4 p.m.; Intercessions in the Vicarage at 5.30 p.m.

Wednesday, June 12.—Medical War Working Party for China 10 a.m.; Fellowship of Youth & B.W.O.F. Working Party 6 p.m.; Teachers' Preparation Class 8 p.m.; St. Andrew's Club Committee Meeting 8.30 p.m.

Tuesday, June 13.—St. Barnabas, A.M. & M.; Holy Communion 7.30 a.m.; Women's Guild 10.30 a.m.; Brownie Pack 3.30 p.m.; Primary Sunday School 4 p.m.; Intercessions in the Vicarage at 5.30 p.m.

Wednesday, June 14.—Medical War Working Party 10 a.m.; Full Choir Practice 6.30 p.m.

Saturday, June 15.—St. Andrew's Club Launch Bathing Picnic, 10 a.m. The Vicar.

Wednesday, June 16.—St. Barnabas, A.M. & M.; Holy Communion 7.30 a.m.; Women's Guild 10.30 a.m.; Brownie Pack 3.30 p.m.; Primary Sunday School 4 p.m.; Intercessions in the Vicarage at 5.30 p.m.

Wednesday, June 17.—Medical War Working Party 10 a.m.; Full Choir Practice 6.30 p.m.

Saturday, June 18.—St. Andrew's Club Launch Bathing Picnic, 10 a.m. The Vicar.

Wednesday, June 19.—St. Barnabas, A.M. & M.; Holy Communion 7.30 a.m.; Women's Guild 10.30 a.m.; Brownie Pack 3.30 p.m.; Primary Sunday School 4 p.m.; Intercessions in the Vicarage at 5.30 p.m.

Wednesday, June 20.—Medical War Working Party 10 a.m.; Full Choir Practice 6.30 p.m.

Saturday, June 23.—St. Andrew's Club Launch Bathing Picnic, 10 a.m. The Vicar.

Wednesday, June 24.—St. Barnabas, A.M. & M.; Holy Communion 7.30 a.m.; Women's Guild 10.30 a.m.; Brownie Pack 3.30 p.m.; Primary Sunday School 4 p.m.; Intercessions in the Vicarage at 5.30 p.m.

Wednesday, June 25.—Medical War Working Party 10 a.m.; Full Choir Practice 6.30 p.m.

Saturday, June 26.—St. Andrew's Club Launch Bathing Picnic, 10 a.m. The Vicar.

Wednesday, June 27.—St. Barnabas, A.M. & M.; Holy Communion 7.30 a.m.; Women's Guild 10.30 a.m.; Brownie Pack 3.30 p.m.; Primary Sunday School 4 p.m.; Intercessions in the Vicarage at 5.30 p.m.

Wednesday, June 28.—Medical War Working Party 10 a.m.; Full Choir Practice 6.30 p.m.

Saturday, June 29.—St. Andrew's Club Launch Bathing Picnic, 10 a.m. The Vicar.

Wednesday, June 30.—St. Barnabas, A.M. & M.; Holy Communion 7.30 a.m.; Women's Guild 10.30 a.m.; Brownie Pack 3.30 p.m.; Primary Sunday School 4 p.m.; Intercessions in the Vicarage at 5.30 p.m.

Wednesday, July 1.—Medical War Working Party 10 a.m.; Full Choir Practice 6.30 p.m.

Saturday, July 4.—St. Andrew's Club Launch Bathing Picnic, 10 a.m. The Vicar.

Wednesday, July 5.—St. Barnabas, A.M. & M.; Holy Communion 7.30 a.m.; Women's Guild 10.30 a.m.; Brownie Pack 3.30 p.m.; Primary Sunday School 4 p.m.; Intercessions in the Vicarage at 5.30 p.m.

Wednesday, July 6.—Medical War Working Party 10 a.m.; Full Choir Practice 6.30 p.m.

Saturday, July 7.—St. Andrew's Club Launch Bathing Picnic, 10 a.m. The Vicar.

Wednesday, July 8.—St. Barnabas, A.M. & M.; Holy Communion 7.30 a.m.; Women's Guild 10.30 a.m.; Brownie Pack 3.30 p.m.; Primary Sunday School 4 p.m.; Intercessions in the Vicarage at 5.30 p.m.

Wednesday, July 9.—Medical War Working Party 10 a.m.; Full Choir Practice 6.30 p.m.

Saturday, July 10.—St. Andrew's Club Launch Bathing Picnic, 10 a.m. The Vicar.

Wednesday, July 11.—St. Barnabas, A.M. & M.; Holy Communion 7.30 a.m.; Women's Guild 10.30 a.m.; Brownie Pack 3.30 p.m.; Primary Sunday School 4 p.m.; Intercessions in the Vicarage at 5.30 p.m.

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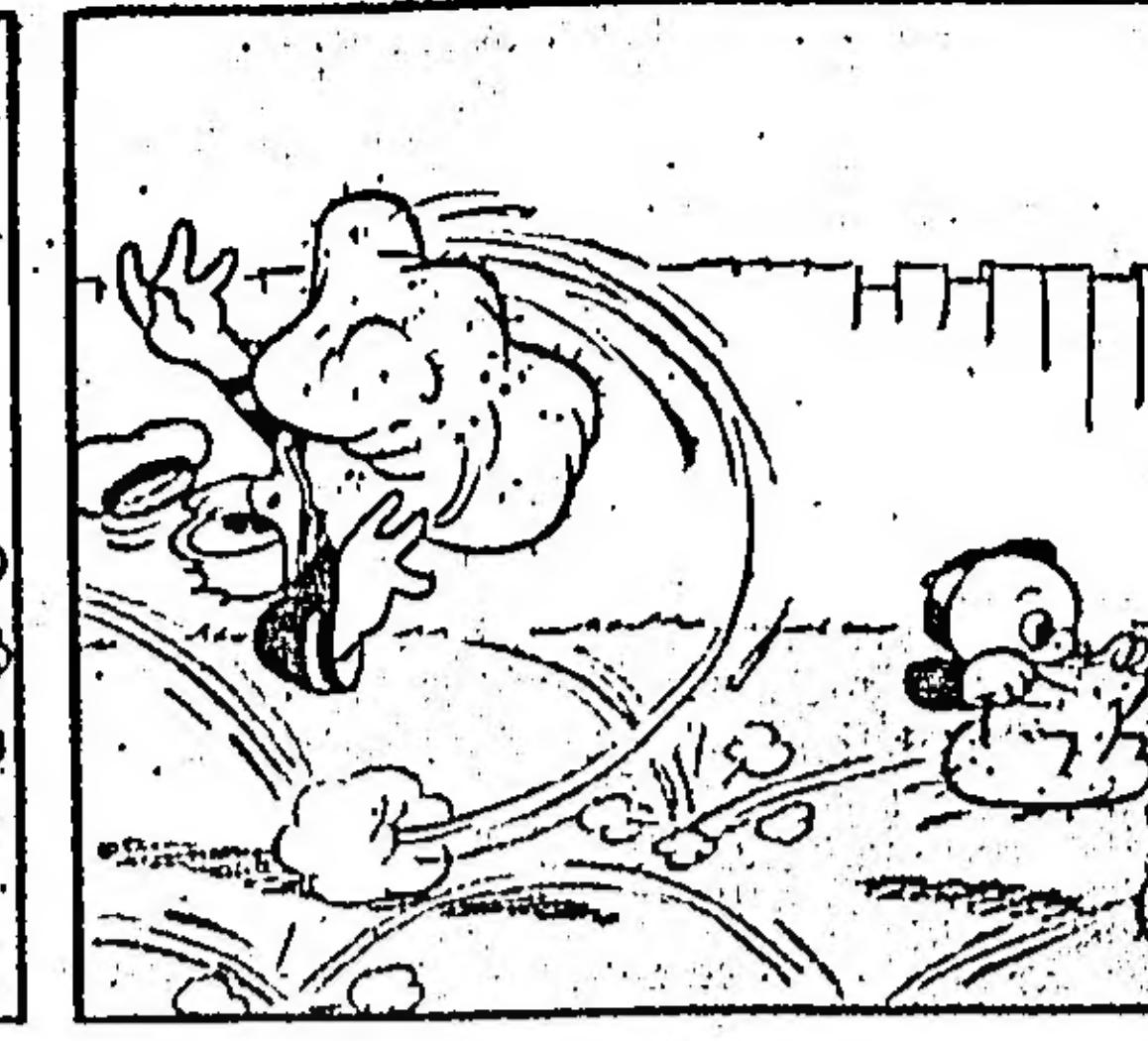
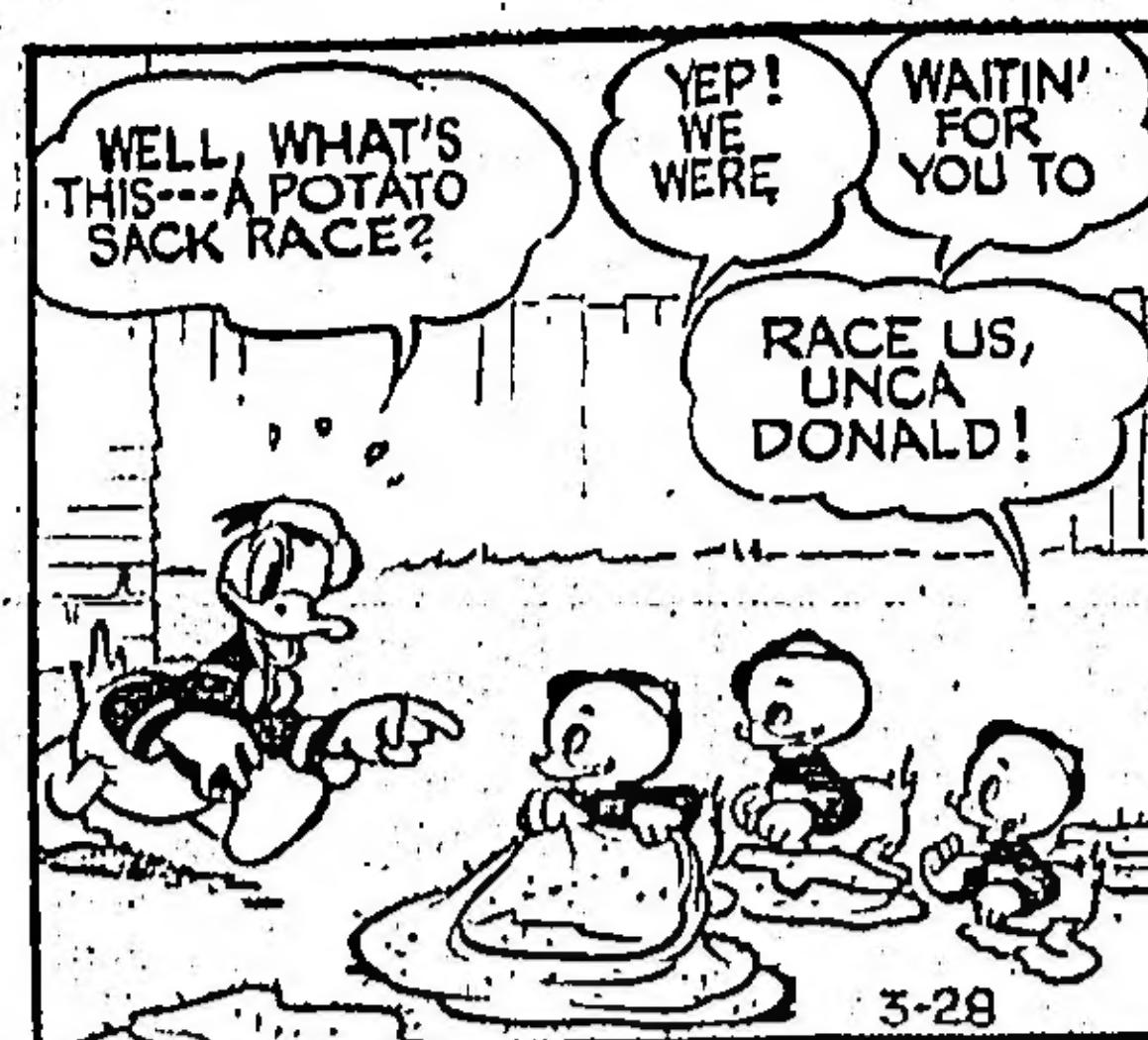
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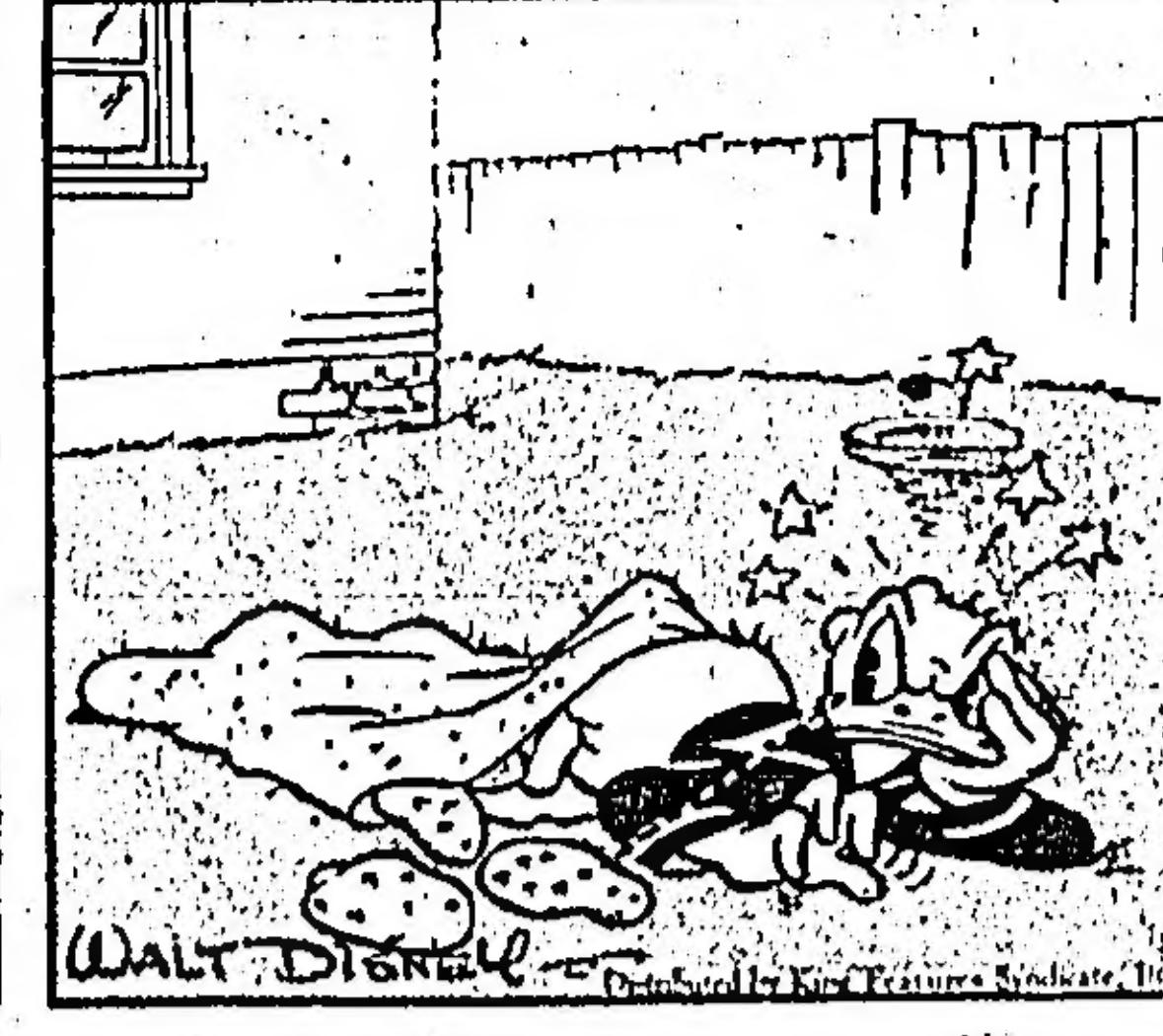
Saturday, July 19.—St. Andrew's Club Launch Bathing Picnic, 10 a.m. The Vicar.

Wednesday, July 20.—St

DONALD DUCK



By Walt Disney



**Napier Johnstone's
"OLD HIGHLAND"
CLUB WHISKY**
\$6.25 per bottle
\$68.25 per case

**EXTRA OLD
12 YEARS IN THE WOOD**
LANE, CRAWFORD, LTD.

Continued From Page One

RALPH HEINZEN'S STORY OF THE BATTLE OF FRANCE

A French War Office communique to-night disclosed that the number of German troops engaged in this Battle of France has been tripled in 72 hours.

That Hitler is again risking everything on the outcome of the battle is indicated by the fact that he has now flung 10 divisions out of his total strength of 82 divisions into the fight.

£-DOLLAR RATE TO REMAIN

Big Fluctuations On Free Market

LONDON, June 7 (Reuter).—In connection with this afternoon's Treasury announcement, "Reuter" learns that there has been no variation in the official sterling-dollar rate since the outbreak of war, and that there is no present intention of changing it.

The sterling-dollar rate in the free market has depreciated considerably with violent fluctuations.

Position Explained

While the greater proportion of British foreign trade is conducted on a basis of the official rate, some parts of British exports are being sold for sterling on the basis of an unreliable free rate, which has so widely diverged from the official rate as to render the imports paid for on this basis relatively too expensive, while exports are being bought too cheaply.

The Treasury's policy aims at all foreign business being conducted at official rates.

Belgium Is Now Enemy Territory

Recognition that Belgium has been overrun by the Nazis is contained in a Government "Gazette" announcement this morning, which says that the Kingdom of Belgium is now regarded as an area in enemy occupation.

However, it is pointed out, this recognition does not apply to the Belgian Congo or the mandated territories of Ruanda and Urundi, which are Belgian possessions.

A similar notification was made recently in the "Gazette" regarding that part of Poland occupied by the Auxiliaries.

U.S. Army arsenals Speed Up Work

WASHINGTON, June 7 (Reuter).—Army arsenals in the United States have been officially ordered to operate where feasible on a full 24 hour basis to speed up the production of munitions.

The Army has at present six Ordnance manufacturing arsenals which employ 17,000 men.

Additional men will be taken on as required.

Mass Production In Britain

LONDON, June 7 (Reuter).—A new campaign has been launched by the Ministry of Home Security for mass instruction planned for those members of the public who, for one reason or another, are unable to join the Civil Defence Services.

More whole-time and part-time volunteers are wanted for all branches.

The local authorities are ready to start training at once.

In certain areas more are wanted for the Auxiliary Fire Service, the Nursing Service and the Police Auxiliaries.

75MM. GUNS FOR ALLIES

SPECIAL TO THE "TELEGRAPH"

WASHINGTON, June 7 (UP).—President Roosevelt announced to-day that he will immediately ask Congress to grant him authority to give Britain and France access to America's famous 75 mm. artillery.

WELLINGTON, June 7 (Reuter).—The President of the New Zealand Communist Party has been sentenced to nine months hard labour for publishing subversive documents.

At the end of the third day, official analysts estimate the German losses since the start of the operations on May 10 at 60 per cent. of dive-bombing planes and more than 50 per cent. of tanks.

The French High Command to-day reported that dive-bombing has practically ceased above the battle lines due to the tremendous losses, as the French have discovered that these planes are more vulnerable when opposed with organised machine-gun fire.

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Divine Bombers Smashed

As far as dive-bombers are concerned, the French estimates fix the German losses since May 10 at 60 per cent. of the total strength. This means that 500 dive-bombers and their specially-trained crews have been lost.

2,500 Tanks Destroyed

The French High Command estimates that when Hitler's armies moved across the German borders four weeks ago to-day, they had 5,000 tanks and 1,000 specially-built dive-bombers.

The French estimate that 2,500 German tanks have been destroyed.

However, hasty repair to General von Reichenau's tanks, the absorption

of the German Tank Corps of Dutch and Belgian tanks captured in the campaign, and the delivery of newly-built German material had brought the total in hand at the start of the present battle to between 3,000 and 4,000 tanks.

The French contend that this is the absolute possible maximum:

Some of these tanks are still being repaired and some are stationed at Dunkirk.

Therefore, it is estimated that the Germans began the Battle of France with 2,000 tanks, of which 400 had been destroyed in one day and hundreds more were destroyed to-day.

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Samuel Harden Church, president of Carnegie Institute, Pittsburgh, Pa., who offers reward of \$1,000,000 to Führer Hitler, alive and unhurt. Group of persons Church represents would try Führer for "crimes."

Continued From Page 1

TROOPS MASS ON KENYA FRONTIER

Twenty thousand Italian troops are now concentrating on the opposite side of the Kenya border. They are mostly native Askiris from Eritrea and Italian Somaliland, camel corps from Libya and Ethiopian cavalry, the latter being commanded by Rashaatu, long-time personnel enemy of the Negus.

Ethiopian troops, presumably remnants of Haile Selassie's army which fled across the border into Kenya in the spring of 1936, are now massing in the Fort Harrington region near Moyale.

Authorized circles in Rome claim that the Negus left England unnoticed and reached Kenya by way of the Sudan.

Border Incidents Reported

Minor incidents are already reported from many parts of the border.

Meanwhile, Marshal De Bono has been appointed commander of the southern Italian forces. This is interpreted as meaning that Italy is preparing for action in south-eastern Africa, since De Bono is Supreme General of Overseas Troops and was the first Commander-in-Chief of the Italian forces during the war with Ethiopia. He recently inspected the Italian garrisons in Libya, Ethiopia and the Dodecanese.

Official circles maintain that Italy is more hopeful.

Official circles maintain the greatest reserve, but the well-informed "Le Temps" says that the heroism of the Allied troops will finally influence Italy's decision, as well as the powerful influences working to prevent an extension of the conflict.

The paper adds that American arguments appear to have had a certain effect.

It is noteworthy that the Paris Bourne remains consistently "bullish" on the Italian question.

"Malta Is Ours"

ROME, June 7 (Reuter).—Shouts of "Malta is ours" were heard to-day when 2,000 uniformed students and 500 troops attended a ceremony in honour of Fortunato Kizzi.

The speakers lauded him as the founder of the Maltese Nationalist Party.

Marshal De Bono Appointed

BERLIN, June 7 (Reuter).—Marshal De Bono, who was the first commander of the Italian campaign in Ethiopia, has been entrusted with the command of the group of armies of the south, according to a Rome dispatch to the official news agency.

Thousands are now in training schools in Rome but thousands more are needed," the announcer said.

The Italian Line office at Genoa denies any knowledge of reports that all Italian ships have been ordered to neutral ports. Nevertheless, the Italian Press prints foreign reports to this effect.

The Vatican announces that the Holy See library will be closed to the public as from next Monday.

Signor Gayda, the official mouthpiece, has again warned the United States to think carefully before aiding the Allies.

Now that the trade-in system has been established it apparently can be extended to great lengths covering most military supplies.

This method of assisting the Allies is meeting with the widest approval of the general public.

The exact number of service planes assembling for flying across the Atlantic is strictly secret. However, a conservative estimate is one thousand, 1,000 Cannon, 600,000 Rifles.

SPECIAL TO THE "TELEGRAPH"

ROME, June 7 (UP).—Rome Radio has issued a call for the Youth Volunteer Aviation service.

"Thousands are now in training schools in Rome but thousands more are needed," the announcer said.

The Italian Line office in New York reports that all Italian ships have been ordered to neutral ports. Nevertheless, the Italian Press prints foreign reports to this effect.

The Vatican announces that the

Holy See library will be closed to the public as from next Monday.

Signor Gayda, the official mouthpiece, has again warned the United States to think carefully before aiding the Allies.

The case was resumed this morning at the Central Magistracy before Mr. R. Edwards.

P.C. COMMITTED FOR TRIAL

Chanan Singh, 24-year-old Indian Police constable, who is charged with possession of 80 copies of scurrilous literature, or a pamphlet headed "Revolutionary Proclamation No. 1," in Urdu and Punjabi, was this morning committed for trial at the June Sessions.

The case was resumed this morning at the Central Magistracy before Mr. R. Edwards.

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WRECKED!!



When Headaches, Pain, Colds, Flu or numerous other minor ailments attack you, you need quick and speedy relief. Don't take chances. Play safe with medicine. Avoid any risk of dangerous after effects on your system by refusing to countenance medicaments containing powerful drugs, narcotics and potent nostrums. You can obtain quick and speedy relief with 'ASPRO'. It is pure medicine and conforms to the standard of purity laid down by the British Pharmacopoeia (the guiding authority of the Medical Profession). Furthermore, 'ASPRO' neither harms the heart nor stomach. 'ASPRO' has proved its safe and speedy action by positive results for over 18 years.

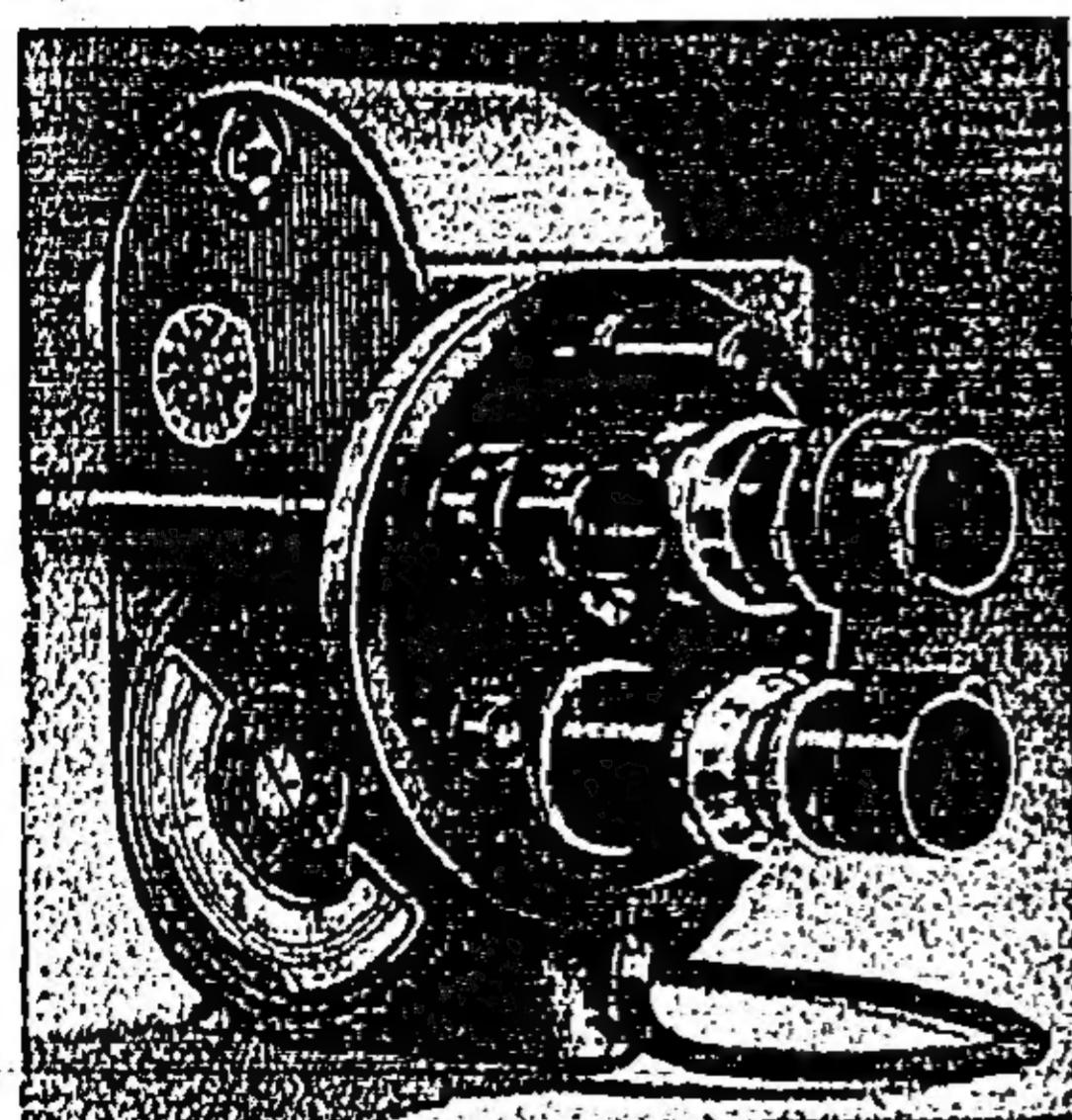
ASPRO

IS SAFE BECAUSE IT IS PURE

Three Packings: 5s, 11s, 27s. Solo Agents: DODWELL & CO., LTD., Obtainable at all Chemists and Drug Stores

Your Taste Decrees a FILMO

PERSONAL MOVIE CAMERA



THE FILMO TURRET 8

With 12½mm F2.5 Taylor Hobson lens. Speeds 16-32-48-64. Combines the economy of 8mm. film with complete readiness for all picture opportunities.

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AGENTS FOR:

BELL & HOWELL CO., CHICAGO.

Count the "TELEGRAPHS" everywhere

GUNNER WHO WAITED TO FIRE, REWARDED WITH D.F.C.

"FRANKIE" PHILLIPS, of the R.A.F., has been awarded a D.F.C.

He and his tall gunner, Corporal William Gray Lillie, routed six Junker which attacked their Sunderland flying-boat while on convoy escort patrol. Corporal Lillie gets the D.F.C.

By his skillful handling of the aircraft, Flight-Lieutenant Phillips avoided the first attack by two enemy aircraft and maneuvered the flying-boat so that his gunner could deal with the oncoming Nazis.

Corporal Lillie held his fire until the attacking planes were within a hundred yards. Then he let loose. One Nazi plane crashed into the sea in flames. The others "retired" at speed.

In a farm kitchen in the remote Cornish village of Perranuthnoe, Mrs. Thomas Phillips heard of the award made to her son.

"That is a nice birthday present," she said. Flight-Lieutenant Phillips was twenty-five just recently.

Sydney Smith, Daily Express air reporter, flew with Flight-Lieutenant Phillips on an Atlantic anti-submarine patrol one day during the winter. Sydney Smith writes—

At Breakfast

"The wing-commander introduced me to a slim, black-haired ready-complexioned chap, not more than five feet six inches tall. He looked about nineteen.

"This is 'Frankie' Phillips, the captain of the flying-boat you will go in," said the wing-commander. The captain was eating bacon and eggs.

"From the moment, he stepped aboard the youthful captain seemed to take on a weight of years. He talked in a quiet, crisp way to his crew.

"As we roared over the water some of the indicators on the dash-board froze. Should we try to stop or take off?" "Frankie" Phillips lifted the giant flying-boat off the water with a barely noticeable movement of the control column.

"From then until we landed again, hours later, there was not a moment that he did not seem supremely in command.

"Although I spent all day with him, I hardly remember anything 'Frankie' Phillips said. He talks so little. He did say, 'It's pretty monotonous, we often wish something would really happen.'

"When it did... but you know about that."

Two other R.A.F. men were decorated as well. Their names: Pilot Sergeant A. L. T. Cargill and Pilot Sergeant J. L. Hawken.

D.F.M. For Two

They were each presented with the Distinguished Flying Medal by Air Vice-Marshal C. D. Breeze at a Coastal Command station in Scotland.

Behind the saluting base stood Pilot-Sergeant Cargill's wife. Away down south at Gillingham, Kent, another woman shared Mrs. Cargill's pride—Pilot Sergeant Hawken's mother.

Air Vice-Marshal Breeze said that Hawken was chosen to navigate the leading aircraft of a flight of twelve Blenheims which carried out a successful raid on Borkum.

Although subjected to very heavy anti-aircraft fire, Sergeant Hawken navigated the whole formation undamaged safely back to their base.

Pilot Sergeant Cargill was described by the air vice-marshal as "one of the most experienced reconnaissance pilots of the Coastal Command."

Since the war began he had been flying over the North Sea on patrol work hunting U-boats, checking up on shipping and guarding convoys.

He had fought a duel with a Dornier flying-boat off the Norwegian coast and damaged it severely.

"Although his own aircraft had a tank shot through and a wing damaged, he brought his crew home safely."

Girl Of Six Used Axe To Steal

A ten-year-old Hackney girl who was put on probation for a year at East London Juvenile Court for receiving a stolen rug, told the Bench that she had got it from another girl who had knocked a hole in the door of a flat with an axe to steal things from it.

"Why is this girl not before the Court?" asked the magistrate, Mr. W. W. Whitworth, asked if the man's pay was 2s. a day. When told that it was he said: "I expect you will need all that: I will pay the fine myself."

A policeman replied that she was only six years old.

HER TRAGEDY OF LIFE

NEW YORK. Wealthy Mrs. Madeleine Fermon, who scandalized society by marrying a handsome boxer sixteen years her junior, died recently at Palm Beach, Florida, broken-hearted.

Millionaire John Jacob Astor, her son by her first marriage, was at her bedside in the luxurious mansion to which she retired from the gossiping world.

Mrs. Fermon, who was forty-seven and twice well, was endowed with wealth and beauty, yet never knew lasting romance.

Saved from Titanic

READY TO GO UP AND BRING DOWN JERRY



Just before taking the air for important reconnaissance flights, these French pilots group around their squadron leader for a final review of instructions.

Donald Duck "Sees Red" When

He Sees Khaki

Patriotic Miss Joan Stovell, daughter of Captain and Mrs. E. A. H. Stovell, of Cove House, Bowtace Cove, Weymouth, owns a duck which is the living counterpart of Donald Duck, the famous screen star, after whom she has named him.

But although she is delighted with his tricks, Donald II is a conscientious objector. Donald was bought for 9d. at Dorchester Market eleven months ago.

He has acquired a taste for breakfast, luncheon and afternoon tea, a comfortable chair in the drawing-room, and his own

special corner in the bedroom of the master and mistress of the house.

At nine o'clock each night he listens to the B.B.C. news bulletin and then walks sedately upstairs to bed.

He belongs to the Khaki Camp bell breed, but he's no warrior.

Mrs. Stovell said one day: "The sight of an army uniform drives him mad. We made the discovery when my brother, who is serving in the forces, came home on leave."

"Donald kept out of sight until the visit was over, and he hides whenever a uniform comes in sight. We cannot cure him of it."

Ku Klux Klan Ride Again: Trade Union Victims

By ROBERT WAITHMAN

NEW YORK.

A SERIES of trials now beginning in Georgia and South Carolina reveal that the Ku Klux Klan secret society, which has anticipated many of the Nazis' methods, is flaring up again in the deep south of the United States.

Forty cases in which Klansmen—with and without white hoods and other theatrical trappings—are accused of flogging helpless victims have been uncovered in and 'round Atlanta, Georgia, which is regarded as the headquarters of the revived order.

In one case a man left bruised and bleeding after a flogging in a lonely valley died before being found.

Seven men charged with abduction and beating a mechanic will come up for trial shortly in nearby Anderson, South Carolina.

Technique of the Klan, which pretends to sit in judgment on "moral lapses," and which displays vicious racial, religious and anti-labour bias, is to seize a victim, often from his own home, and take him out into the country in a car for a midnight flogging.

This means not only that men who have been exempted from military service because of their technical skill can be transferred to a branch of their trade which is not reserved, but that men can be taken from an unreserved into a reserved occupation.

Firm official action is demanded to prevent a situation already serious to our national industrial effort.

"It should be within the power of the Minister of Labour to take steps to ensure that firms on Government work can get the skilled labour they require by orderly rather than by haphazard methods."

ENTICING HOLDS UP CONTRACTS

Double Pay Offers To Skilled Men

Further evidence was given recently of the dislocation caused in many works engaged on Government contracts by the increasing number of cases in which skilled men are being attracted from one job to another by the offer of higher wages or bonuses.

What makes the situation particularly serious is the poaching of key men in the engineering and aeroplane-making works. Fitters, jigs and pattern-makers and bores, who are among the highest-skilled technicians, are most in demand.

So many complaints of this growing practice have been received by the Machine Tool Trades Association from its members that an urgent appeal has been made to the Minister of Labour to make an order banning transfers on the ground that they are holding up completion of contracts.

From one source I heard of cases where men had been lured from one firm to another by the offer of doubled wages.

"Pernicious System"

"The real trouble is the cost-plus-percentage basis on which many Government contracts are made," said one authority. "It is a most pernicious system, and an uneconomical one. It puts some firms in a position to pay more money for skilled labour. We have had numerous instances given to us of big wages paid to half-skilled and even unskilled men owing to this dangerous form of competition."

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MARRIAGE AT CUT RATES

LONDON (UP).—Soldiers, sailors and airmen on short leave may soon be able to marry at cut rates.

The present cost of a quick marriage is around £2 but suggestions are afoot that in the case of those with only a few days to spare, this charge should be reduced to "as much as the prospective bridegroom can afford" which gives a wide scope.

Since the outbreak of war the marriage rate has dropped with extraordinary rapidity. Quite a number of sixteens have figured on the marriage list, with a very good sprinkling of seventeen to twenties. Most of the bridegrooms in these "minor" marriages have been in uniform.

Curiously enough, consent of parents and guardians, necessary in these "minor" marriages, has been given freely and willingly where in peace time it was usually a stumbling block of youthful civil servants earning over £5 a week and the position of pensioners' marriages.

NAZI AIR TERROR IN ALSACE

Boys Are Shot Dead While Playing

PARIS.

France is largely being spared the horrors of air bombing for the reason that the Germans have been concentrating their entire slaughter apparatus upon the Belgians. The Nazis have had time, however, to hunt and kill a few Alsatian children.

Recently 20 Alsatian boys, of about 12, were playing football on a field above the village of Trois Maisons near the "hospital city" of Phalsbourg, a place with no soldiers. It had been signed to the International Red Cross as a town of mercy.

Suddenly, over the trees, came three returning German "planes." Two Messerschmitts soared, but the third—a captured Curtiss still bearing the French colours—swooped killing 30 feet over the little footballers.

The children scattered and threw themselves on their faces, but not in time to escape the bursts of machine-gun fire from the horde raider. The Curtiss then soared and rejoined the squadron returning to Germany.

Five Bullets In Body

White and whimpering like the lads rose—all but two. One, a tiny, dark-skinned boy, moaned slightly. He is now in a hospital which I do not mention lest it be attacked again. The other, Paul Magnette, lay still. Five bullets had pierced his body, one entering the back in the shank. In on his face.

I saw the body prepared for the funeral. I saw the field with the unmistakable pool pools. I talked with the boys who escaped and I often feel it is impossible that any atrium below 100 feet could conceivably have taken little Paul for a man.

That there was no mistake is proved by the fact that, at the tiny hamlet of Ueberach, another German machine-gunned to death Joseph Watteler, the same age as Paul Magnette.

Are the Germans then without human feeling? Not necessarily. They kill children deliberately, drop bombs on lorries and fleeing women, smash villages ruthlessly all in part of a logical programme. This is total war. One of its component parts is terror.

THYSSEN CALLED "HEAD OF THE SIXTH COLUMN"

PARIS.—M. Henri Pichot, a disabled ex-Serviceman and president of the French Ex-Servicemen Legion, has discovered a "Sixth Column." According to him, it consists of exiles abroad who, "although strictly anti-Hitler, remain German at heart and are making propaganda for an incomplete and defective peace, which would give Germany's power to make war almost unimpeded."

M. Pichot gives a warning in *Le Gaulois*, the ex-Serviceman's weekly. He refers to the exiled Fitz Thyssen, the Ruhrland millionaire and one-time supporter of Hitler, as "the spearhead of the sixth column, who, while enjoying shelter in Allied lands, are hard at work to prevent Germany from being crushed."

"We do not reproach Herr Thyssen and his fellow exiles with remaining good Germans, but we must be as ardently French as they are German."

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Leaves from a Correspondent's Note Book

London, June 8, 1940.

My dear Conchita—Whatever you receive this letter, to-day will always be remembered as one of the most dramatic of the whole war.

At dawn this morning, the Germans invaded Holland, Belgium and Luxembourg; yet another act of wanton and unprovoked aggression.

While Herr Goebbels was busy proclaiming over the radio that the Germans were entering these countries only as "friends of the people," to defend them from invasion by Britain and France, the Nazi planes were already bombing open towns and military objectives alike, and landing parachute troops.

Holland and Belgium are now fighting for their lives, aided by the Allied Forces of Britain and France which, in the words of the French Foreign Minister, answered within half an hour the appeal for help from the invaded countries.

Four hours later news has come through of the heroic resistance which is being put up against the German forces.

HERE in England we know that war is now on our threshold. The danger is very close to us... we can feel it hot breath on our faces. But I think that, in a way, this knowledge is something of a relief to us all. Now we are at close grips with this evil thing.

Everyone I have seen to-day has worn the same look, calm, resolute and unafraid. There is a sense of intense activity, and a feeling of deep excitement which holds nothing of mystery. All day long we have been buying papers and rereading as near as possible to the radio. Even now, as I write, it has just struck midnight, the street outside my window, usually so quiet at this hour, is full of movement and the sound of people's voices. No one wants to go to bed; there is too much going on in those countries which are so near to us; we are all waiting for further news and ready for anything which may come.

To-day, had all this not happened, everyone would have been going away for their Whitsun holiday. The English are notorious for their holidays, and this particular period is a great favourite. Most shops and factories were closing down (except for skeleton staffs) at midday today, and people who left home early arrived at their places of business carrying week-end suitcases. Then, of course, came the news that all leave was cancelled; that Whitsun had, officially, ceased to exist.

Not one grumble was to be heard, although it must have meant great personal disappointment to many. But the feeling that it was absolutely essential to remain at one's post, however humble that post might be, to be of use, was so universal that the official cancellation of the holiday was hardly necessary.

THIS evening came the news of Mr. Chamberlain's resignation, and the appointment of Mr. Churchill as Prime Minister.

Mr. Chamberlain is a fine man, upright and sincere, who has done many great things for this country. He will probably receive his just meed of appreciation from future generations, who will be able to view this difficult period of history in its true perspective. But even now we all realise that we owe him respect, gratitude for many things, and admiration for his unflinching pursuit of his ideals. But Mr. Chamberlain for the past few weeks had not enjoyed that unanimous confidence which has been so fully given to Mr. Churchill. Therefore our Prime Minister did the only thing possible—resigned to make way for the right man. I listened to Mr. Chamberlain's short farewell radio speech to the nation, and felt great sympathy for him in what must have been a bitter moment. But his voice was strong and determined as he appealed for the nation's unflinching support for his successor and declared his own willingness to serve in Mr. Churchill's cabinet in any capacity in which he could be of use. Even his detractors must admit this man's courage and resolution in defeat and none can doubt his public spirit.

The reaction in other countries, so far as we yet know it, to the new Nazi invasions, is what might have been expected... general indignation, mixed in some cases with fear, and, on all sides, intense interest in the Allies' lightning riposte through Belgium.

LESS expected, perhaps, is the outspoken comment of the Moscow Radio, which quotes the writings of Lenin in condemnation of the use of force against small nations. (Finland presumably did not fall under this category).

The broadcast closed with the words: "We cannot therefore sympathise with the imperialistic methods used by our German neighbours."

What has now become of that great unbreakable bond of German-Soviet friendship which was to assure for the Nazis invincibility and ultimate victory?

Soviet Russia appears to have cast off her war-dress, and to be busily engaged in pursuing a policy of peaceful trading, notably with those countries whose sympathies are anti-Nazi. Moreover, she is encouraging certain neutrals to preserve their neutrality at all costs and to resist further German aggression.

MR. PEPPYS IN HONGKONG

1st May.—Up betimes and a clear morning for which I am mighty thankful. Last night I did go to the Valley with Mr. Caldbeck where I do attend a meeting of the Jockey Club, where I am a member but not a voting member. And Lord! the way the Secretary did watch me to see if I did vote by chance did make me ashamed. There's much of interest and I learn the members wagering room shall be made bigger. But Lord! it is not the wagers that do throb it but the young wenches who do stand there giggling and wager not at all. This morning was clear but clouds form later and I must needs kindle the lamps at three of the clock and thereafter worked very late and at a half after six did on my garments of ceremony and sent for a motor hackney. But so foul was the weather my boy could get none and so I am fain to ring upon the electric telephone to the Hostelry garage and so get me a car and to the Club. There later comes the Captain of the City Watch and we together to the Watch Club when a merry dinner in honour of the winning of the Junior Shield at Cricket. After some good songs and an excellent conjurer. The weather clearing later I did go home in the Captain's motor-coach, and so very tired to bed.

1st June.—Very busy at the office and as is my wont of a Saturday to Mr. Caldbeck's for a glass of Holland. After took my luncheon in the Gloucester House with My Lady Betty and her Lord and after to the picture at the King's House which I like not very much. Later to the Club where I fell in talk with Major Cyril who tells me of his friend the Comptroller of Trade, who is most hot against those who do ring him up upon the electric telephone and when he doth answer a female voice doth say "Just a minute" and so he whistles two or three. And he computes, says Major Cyril, that this has lost him a two weeks work since the war did start. Anon come some others and after some talk home early and so to bed.

2nd (Lord's Day).—Up by eight of the clock and did bathe and trim myself and ate a bite to break my fast, I having the morning duty at the office. And so down the Peake and I do order many papers. Thence all being done to the Club to meet Mr. John and we are hardly come to our first glass of Holland's waters when in comes Major L. O'Trigger, we all three being born of Irish fathers. And later comes Doctor Knip, as well an Irishman as any of them and so very merry—it in these dark days one can be merry—until it be time for me to get back to the Peake where I take my luncheon mighty late. Thereafter I did take a nap and then after a dish of tea to the Peake Club where I find nobody—so change a book or two in the library. Home and played with the kitten until my children return and latter we go to dinner and so to bed.

3rd.—More rain and I do not recall so wet a June these many years. Took my luncheon at the Parisian Grill with my Lady Betty and her Lord, and I like the place well and must see more of it. But the orchestra did seem to me over loud at times for so small a room.

4th.—This day once more very wet. Come Mr. Caldbeck and his Lady and their children to the Hostelry. To take their luncheon with me, and a pleasant meal, though I am saddle at heart that young Mr. Caldbeck and my pretty Mrs. Diana return to Shanghai, and also Mistress Carolyn who was unable to take the meal with us. Very late in the office and after to the Snake Pit and thence to Mr. Caldbeck's for dinner and so home to bed.

5th.—Very busy at the office all day and on my return home I am much troubled as to the kitten as I do find we must change the name of Arlobarzours to Bathsheba, it being that sort of a cat. But even so its shorter name doth remain Ba or Bat and I hear no protest from John David. Dined at home and early to bed.

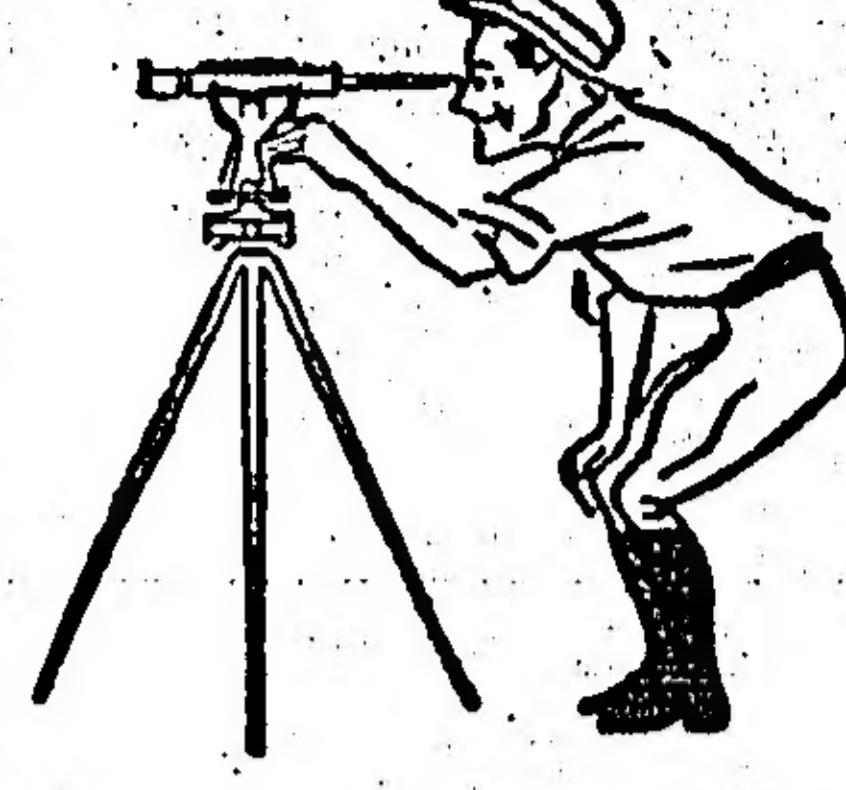
6th.—To Mr. Caldbeck's to bid farewell but it seems the boat goes not so early so I may see them. Drank a glass or maybe two of Holland's waters and so to the Club with three of the King's officers and there, after a main or two at dice to our luncheon. Very busy again at the office and home to bed.

7th.—To Mr. Caldbeck's to bid farewell but it seems the boat goes not so early so I may see them. Drank a glass or maybe two of Holland's waters and so to the Club with three of the King's officers and there, after a main or two at dice to our luncheon. Very busy again at the office and home to bed.

I must bring this letter to an end; it will probably take its place in a far emptier post bag than in previous weeks. In the first half of this week everyone was making up arrears of correspondence while the old rate of postage was still available, and the post officials were dealing with mails of a size reminiscent of Christmas time. Now each inland letter costs 2½d. and everyone thinks twice before putting pen-to-paper.

My love to you and your family, Joan.

What did the Surveyor say—
as he surveyed
the bar?



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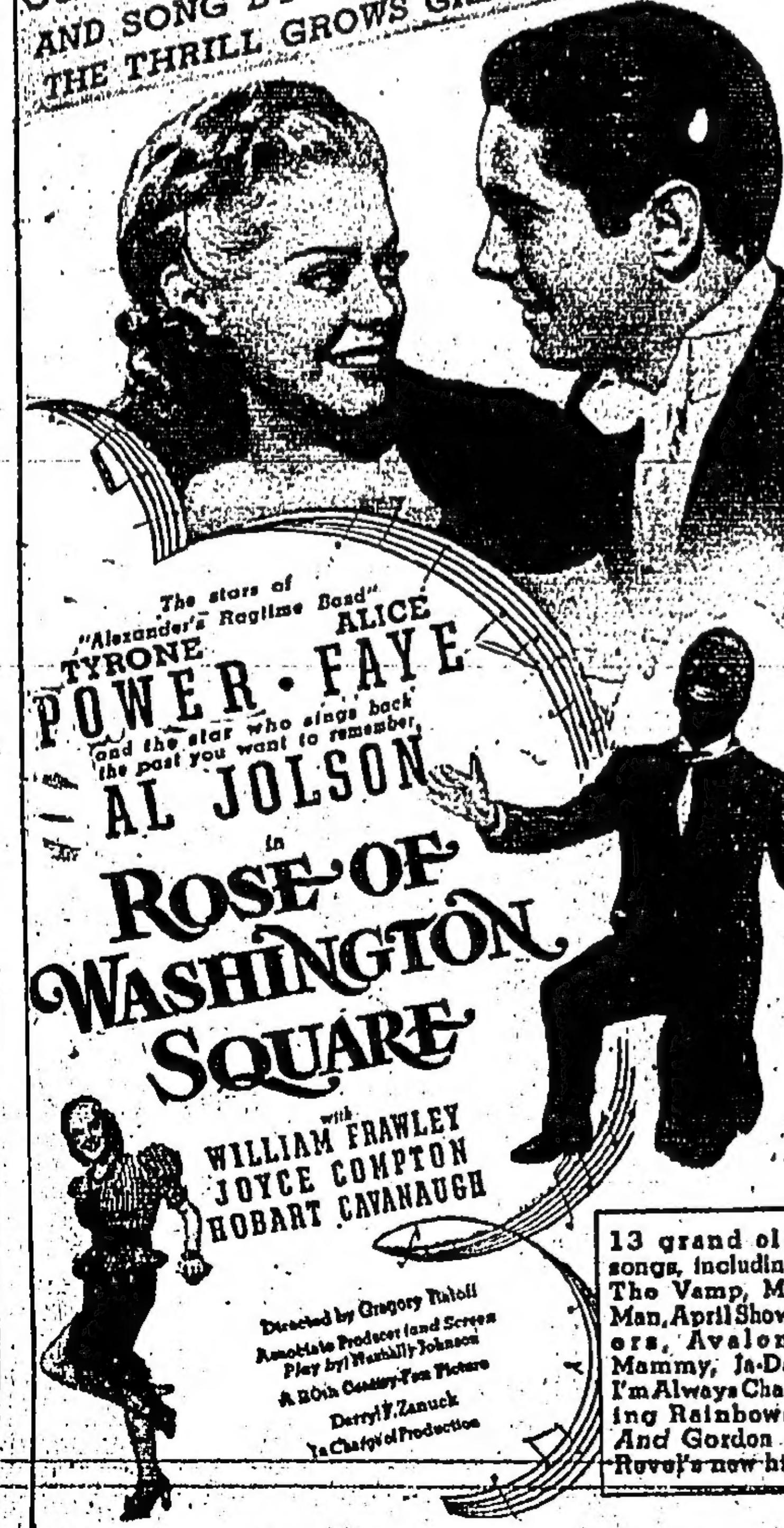
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a million dreams vanish in air

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AND SONG BY SONG... SCENE BY SCENE
THE THRILL GROWS GREATER!



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HONGKONG HOTEL GARAGE

Stubbs Road Tel. 27778/9

Editorial

CHARITY GAMBLING

Yesterday's public meeting at St. Andrew's Church hall produced several useful suggestions for increasing Hongkong's effort on behalf of the British War Organisation Fund. Nevertheless, we feel constrained to express surprise that the proposal to organise a lottery on behalf of this fund was turned down in such an arbitrary fashion.

The desire of the B.W.O.F. in Hongkong not to alienate a great body of sympathy by supporting or even winking its eye at gambling, expressed by His Honour the Chief Justice, is understandable. But many will question whether the morality issue should be raised when this method can achieve, perhaps, the saving of hundreds of lives.

Sir Atholl MacGregor's dismissal of the proposal in about 60 words was apparently accepted without question by the meeting; yet we suggest that this particular gathering was not representative of public opinion in the Colony, at least on this question, and the officials of the B.W.O.F. should pay closer attention to the proposal of a lottery.

To split hairs over ethics an issue which cannot be settled by dogmatic contentions by either side—when the British Empire is to-day fighting as it has never had to fight before for its very existence, appears to us to strike that particular narrow-minded note which the Chief Justice said the B.W.O.F. officials in Hongkong were striving so hard to avoid.

From Friday to Monday is ours—three days, seven thousand three hundred and twenty minutes, to be snatched from Time and made into a small eternity of our own.

Because, on Monday, very early in the morning at nine o'clock, I shall kiss Richard goodbye and send him off—with a smile, I hope—to "somewhere in France."

We hadn't planned to be married until next May. It was going to be a real picture-book wedding, with four bridesmaids, a reception, and a real honeymoon. But all that has been changed since the day a strangely uniformed Richard took me in his arms, and said:

"Mary, it's different now, isn't it? Need we wait, my darling?"

We arranged everything, there and then. A quiet wedding, no

What Price America?

THIS article is not written by the "Telegraph". It is by a resident in America, and appears in a leading American magazine—proof that even in the U.S.A. there is a self-questioning about America's attitude to the war.

LIKE most observers of American opinion, I was wrong in my predictions made before the war as to what the reactions of the American public would be when the war actually broke out.

I thought that the pent-up animosity against Hitler which expressed itself with such violence during the last few years would reach a climax.

As everyone knows, nothing of the sort happened, and the reaction at the outbreak of the war was infinitely more complex and more interesting than anything that could have been foreseen.

The most striking trait about the American reaction during the first weeks of the war was of course the "Keep the United States out of war" panic.

Call it a panic because it did indeed take the aspect of a slightly hysterical stampede away from a

danger which never was very great.

It is true that before the war began all polls of public opinion said that, in spite of the fact that nine out of ten Americans rejected the idea of going to war, three out of four were quite sure that America would be dragged in sooner or later.

In spite of the desire to see Hitler defeated, and in spite of the general conviction that the Allies had to go to war to achieve this end, the very fact that war existed in Europe reawakened the traditional tendency of the Americans to condemn Europe en bloc because it was at war.

The animosity against Hitlerism or any other form of dictatorship did not subside. Hitler was branded as the one man responsible for this calamity.

But at the same time many honest people, in an effort to justify America's attempt at neutrality, marshalled all

the arguments they could think of to demonstrate that Britain and France must be guilty, too, and that once more the responsibility for the war should be equitably divided between both sides.

Events proved that the Americans were right in the end.

Britain and France finally had to go to war, precisely for the reasons that the Americans had predicted they would have to, and precisely for the purpose of stopping Hitler, somehow, somewhere.

The Press and many prominent leaders of opinion praised the American public for its coolness and self-restraint.

Many articles were written to show that this time Americans were not being carried away by their emotions and their partisanship; that for once they were using their heads.

May I say that I cannot join in these praises, nor feel great admiration for this restraint and reasonableness.

If American opinion had shown itself as cool-headed and as impartial before the outbreak of the war as it did after September first there would be nothing to say.

But it didn't, and for three or four years before the actual outbreak of the war no voice was louder in its condemnation of Hitler and Hitlerism than the voice of America.

While certain groups in Britain and France were foolishly but honestly trying to deal with the Nazis as if they were not as bad as all that, Americans were prac-

tically unanimous in denouncing the French and British Governments as cowards and traitors to the cause of civilisation.

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Many articles were written to show that this time Americans were not being carried away by their emotions and their partisanship; that for once they were using their heads.

May I say that I cannot join in these praises, nor feel great admiration for this restraint and reasonableness.

If American opinion had shown itself as cool-headed and as impartial before the outbreak of the war as it did after September first there would be nothing to say.

But it didn't, and for three or four years before the actual outbreak of the war no voice was louder in its condemnation of Hitler and Hitlerism than the voice of America.

While certain groups in Britain and France were foolishly but honestly trying to deal with the Nazis as if they were not as bad as all that, Americans were prac-

tically unanimous in denouncing the French and British Governments as cowards and traitors to the cause of civilisation.

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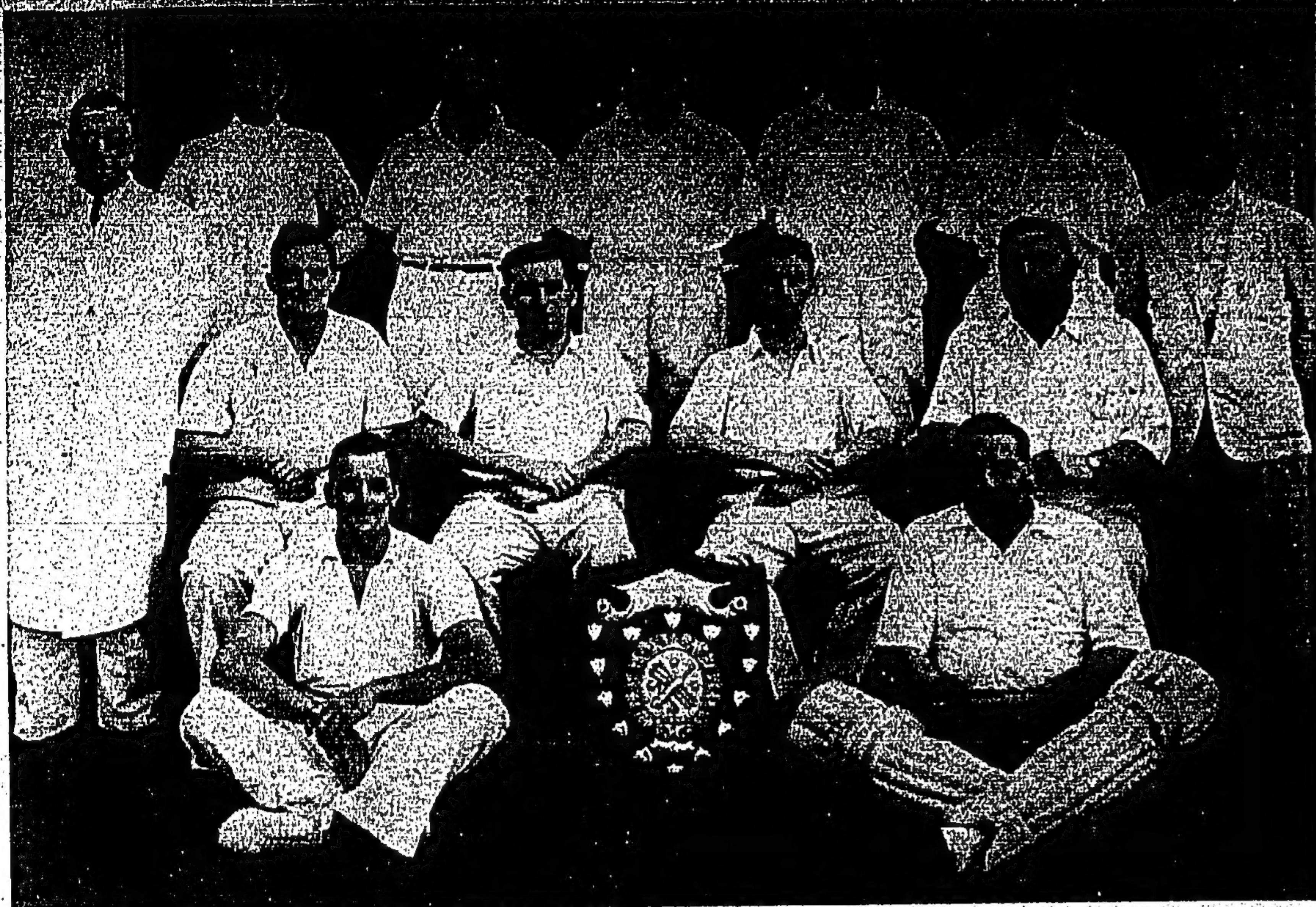
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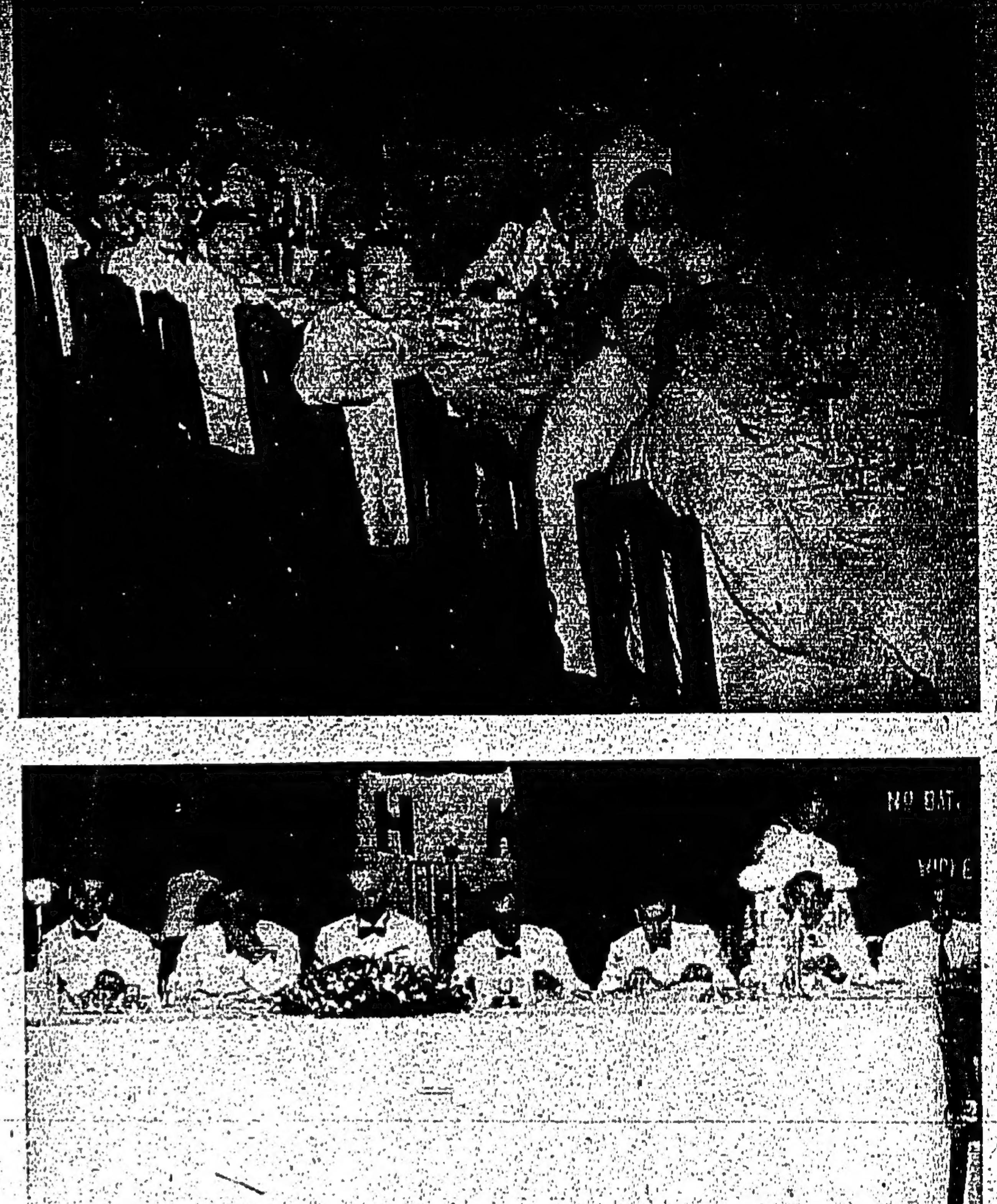
Many articles were written to show



CRICKET CHAMPIONS:—The Police cricket team, last season's winners of the junior division, celebrated last week with a dinner at the clubhouse. The top left picture shows the successful team. Top right a general view of the celebration dinner, and below officials and guests at the head table, including Mr. E. W. Hamilton, the Hon. Mr. T. H. King, Mr. H. R. B. Hancock, Mr. Chris Pope, and at the extreme right, Dr. E. L. Gosano—Ming Yuen.



GIFT FOR CHINA RED CROSS:—This interesting photograph was taken last week on the occasion of the presentation of electro-medical apparatus by the Hongkong Sanatorium and Hospital Medical Relief Group to the National Red Cross Society of China. Seated is Dr. C. T. Wang, President of the Society.—Mee Cheung.



COMPLIMENTARY DINNER:—A dinner was given by the St. John's University Alumni Association (Hongkong branch) to Dr. X. Y. Chee at Cafe Wiseman's last week. Among those present, and who can be seen in this picture were the Rt. Rev. Bishop Hall, Dr. W. W. Yen, Mr. O. K. Yul, and Dr. C. T. Wang—Mayfair Studio.

The surprise is the price . . . for this Kodak-made 16 mm. movie camera

Most inexpensive of all 16 mm. Cine-Kodaks, the "E" costs no more than a medium-priced snapshot camera. Yet it covers all movie-making needs from black-and-white to full-color Kodachrome. Here's the 16 mm. movie camera so many have waited for—at a new low price almost everybody can afford. Some of its special features are listed at the left. Examine it at your Kodak dealer's and get his price. You'll decide there never was a better 16 mm. movie camera investment at the price than that offered by the Model "E".

Special features of the "E":

- Fast Kodak Anastigmat f3.5 lens.
- Fixed focus—just aim and shoot.
- Supplementary footage scale beside finder image—to gauge scene length and film supply while shooting.
- Three shutter speeds—normal, intermediate, and slow.
- Simplified gate, which takes the bother out of "threading".

KODASCOPE EE,
a brilliant, versatile 16 mm. home-movie projector

HERE is the logical, natural projector teammate of Cine-Kodak E; for it, too, is a revelation in simplicity, efficiency and capability.

Consider what Kodascope EE offers:

Tailor-made Projection. Any of five lenses and three lamps may be fitted to the "EE". Select the combination recommended for your own particular projection conditions (length of throw, size and type of screen), and Kodascope EE brings you truly personalized motion picture showings.

EASTMAN KODAK CO.

CINE-KODAK "E"



AT BIG NAME FILM STARS, the cameras of the world's greatest motion picture studios are mounted on the shoulders of Mr. Boris Karloff—Karloff

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PYJAMAS

Made of light weight summer materials, cut loose and easy and all fitted with the elastic **BAND OF COMFORT**.

Plain colours, white and stripe designs. From \$14.50 per suit—less 10% cash discount.

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MEN'S WEAR SPECIALISTS

Fun is a Funny thing!

IT'S funny what people think is funny. I asked readers to tell me their biggest film laughs since talkies began (excepting a dozen or so that I thought of myself), and the results are surprising, fascinating, illuminating.

By far the biggest vote went to the scene in "Bachelor Mother" where Ginger Rogers and David Niven are wondering how to feed the baby that has so unexpectedly arrived.

Niven, reading from a book on baby-care, says that the food is spread on a piece of gauze and then placed on the baby's nose.

Then he discovers that two pages have stuck together and he has turned over from feeding hints to the anatomical details of baby's health.

I still can't see why the verbiage is such a tremendously humorous indentation.

That "Yippee!"

Next in order of popularity is Charles Laughton's "Yippee" in "Ruggles of Red Gap."

Remember how this most respectable, restrained, and very formal manservant gets drunk and suddenly gives vent to a bellow of alcoholic gladness?

It's the shock that makes this joke—startling, unexpected to hell-with-everything that catches you right in the marrow.

Next comes William Powell fishing in "Libel-Led Lady."

You may recall that he takes out rod and line the father—I'm the grandfather!" Mischa Auer imitation of an ape in "My Man Godfrey."

Charlie Chaplin chasing the women with the nut-like buttons in "Modern Times."

Gary Cooper holding an imaginary tea party in the partly finished house in "The Cowboy and the Lady."

Sydney Howard representing "Old Moore's Almanack" in "Up for the Cup."

The Marx Brothers and a score of others crowded into one cabin in "Night at the Opera."

Laurel and Hardy getting drunk and laughing at nothing in "Fra Diabolos."

Eddie Cantor's chariot race in "Roman Scandals."

And so on . . .

Surprises

THERE were some surprises. For instance a large number voted for the scene in "Bengal Lancer" where Franchot Tone has to keep on playing the pipe to stop the cobra from biting him.

Then David Niven's return from the dead in "Dawn Patrol." I thought it very grim humour.

There's no room for further analysis.

By
MOORE
RAYMOND

Photo by
H. M. G.

VOTING continues in this order of preference:

Eddie Cantor's
bulldog in "The
Kid from
Spain."

Charles
Cooper's
declaration
in "Bachelor
Mother"—"I
don't care who's
grandfather!"

Charlie Chaplin's
imitation of an ape
in "My Man Godfrey."

Gary Cooper's
imitation of an ape
in "Modern Times."

Sydney Howard's
imitation of an ape
in "Up for the Cup."

The Marx Brothers' imita-

tion of an ape in "Night at the Opera."

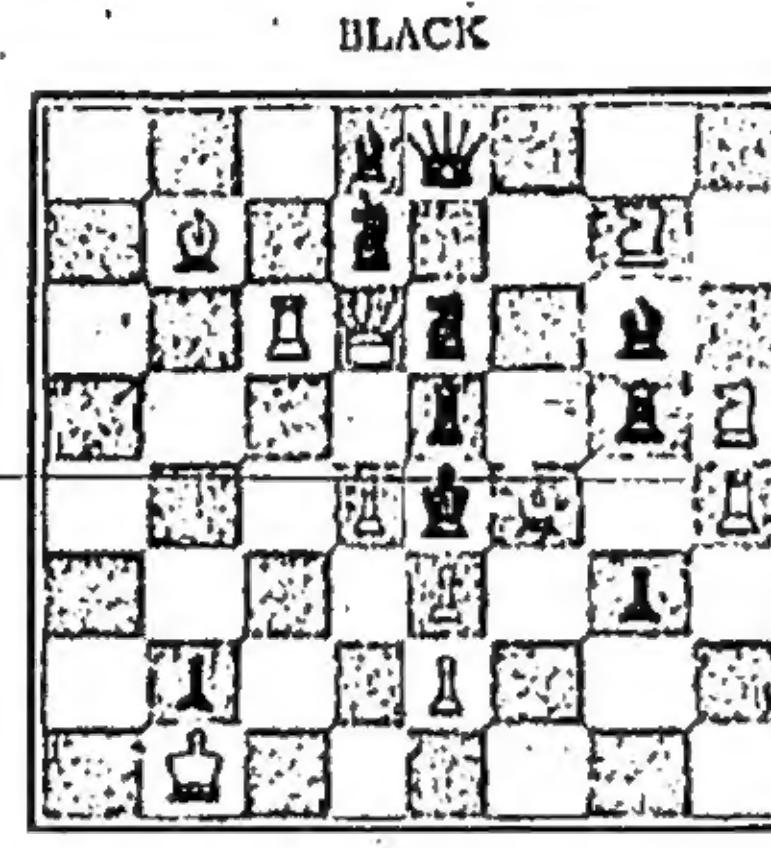
Laurel and Hardy's
imitation of an ape in "Fra Diabolos."

Eddie Cantor's chariot race in "Roman Scandals."

And so on . . .

SOLUTION

Q-K7



White to play and mate in 2.

Mate In Two

I WONDER how many "Telegraph" readers play chess?

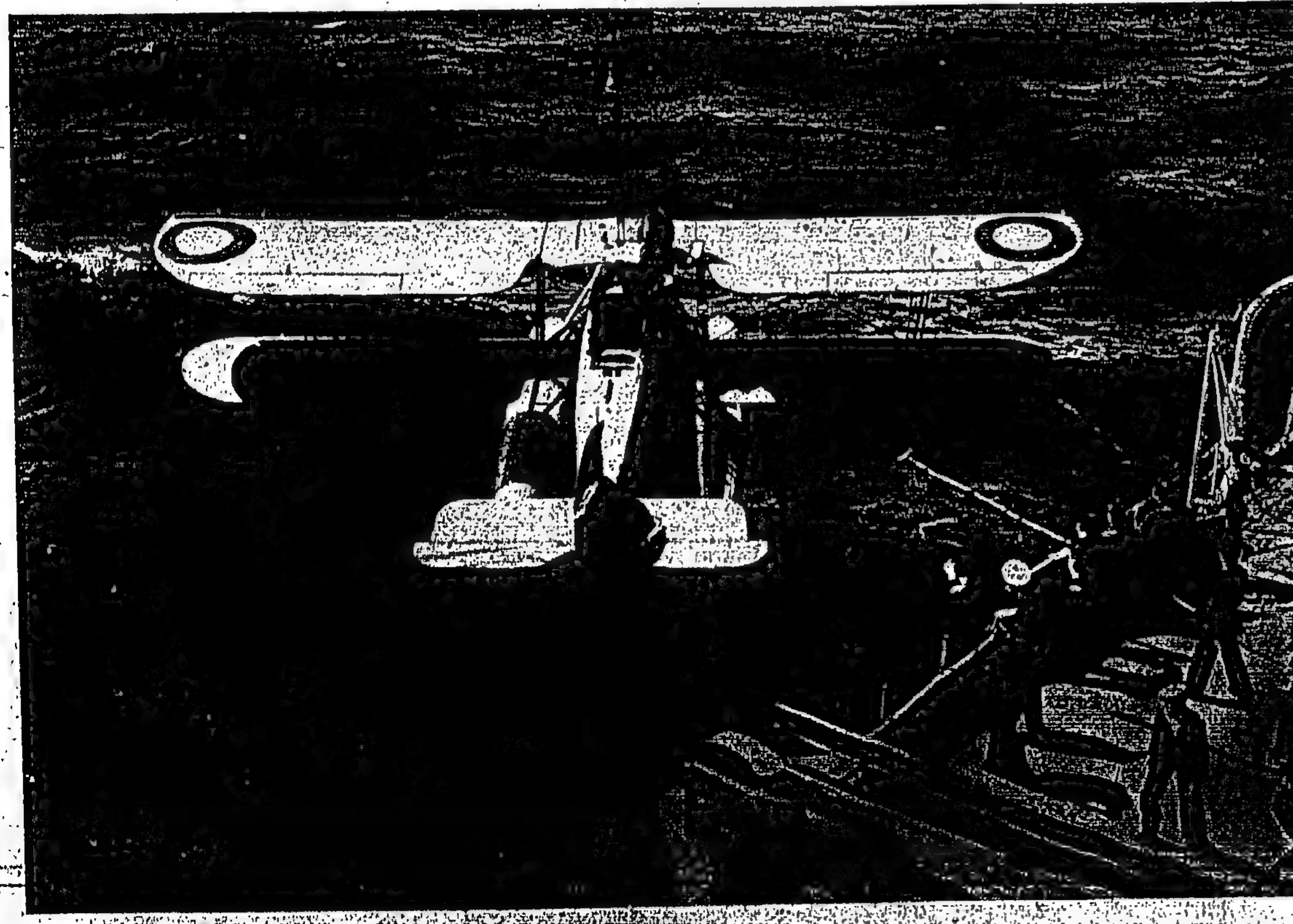
Or how many, while not actually players, take pleasure in solving chess problems?

Here is one of the finest problems ever conceived. It was composed by Comins Mansfield, and took first prize in the journey organised by El Ajedrez Argentino, 1926.

And so on . . .

Photo by
H. M. G.

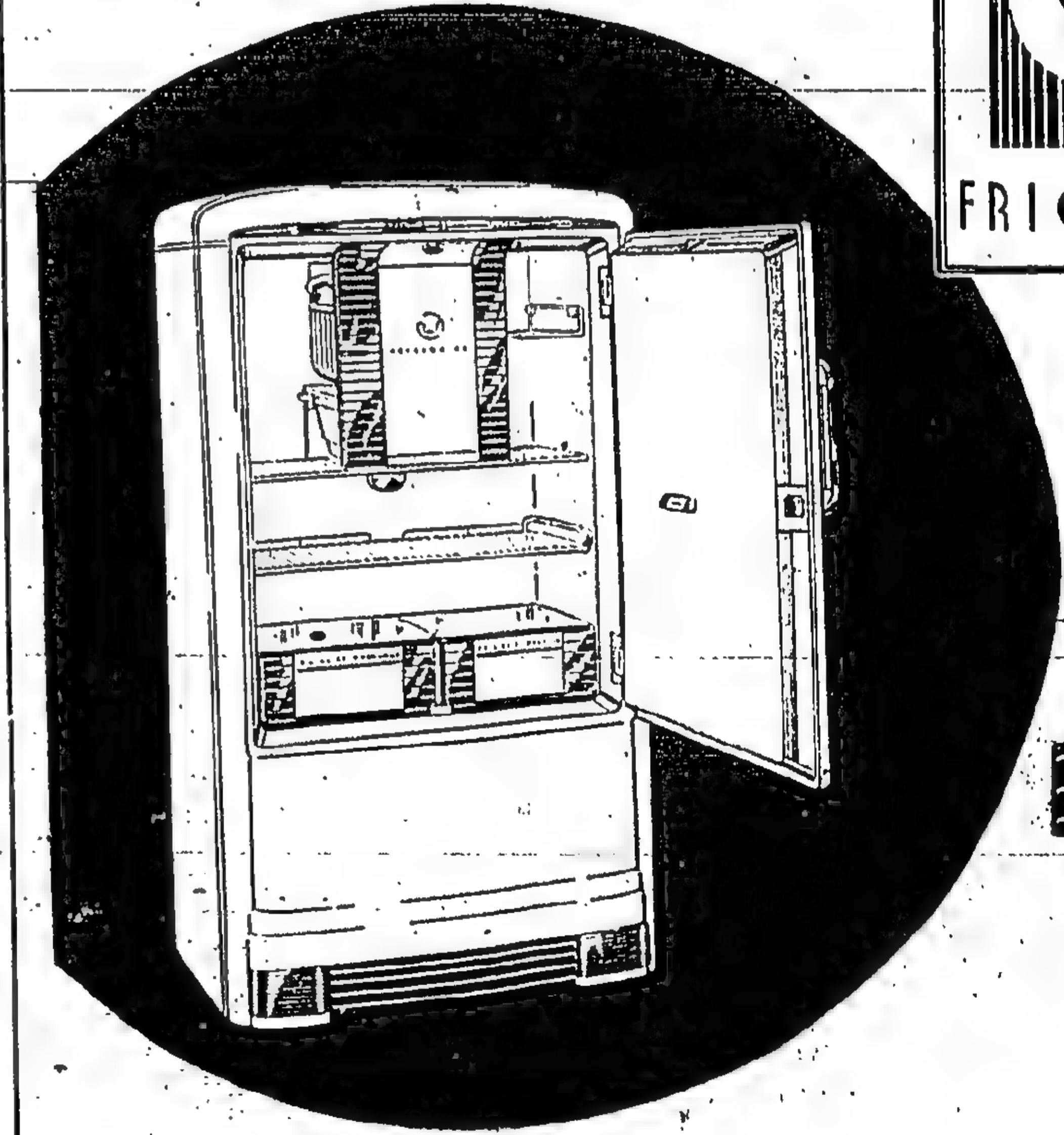
Photo by
H.



Pictures from the Allied War Fronts

Here are some interesting pictures from the Allied war fronts. Top left shows the effect of a bombing raid by Nazis on a French village. Top right, remarkable study of French bombers on their way to carry out bombing operations on German troops. Here they are seen leaving their base on the Western Front. Centre left shows one of the famous "Helecats" of the Tower of London, conducting members of the Cypriot contingent which recently arrived in England, round the Tower during a tour of the capital. Centre right is a vivid photographic study of R.A.F. fighters, ever on the alert, taking to the air to combat enemy raiders. Bottom picture illustrates a Swordfish seaplane being hoisted into the water before use in gunnery exercises. These aircraft act as spotters for the great guns of the ships which can fire at an enemy out of sight. The aircraft give the range and direction and report on the success of the shelling.

See the
New 1940



with the
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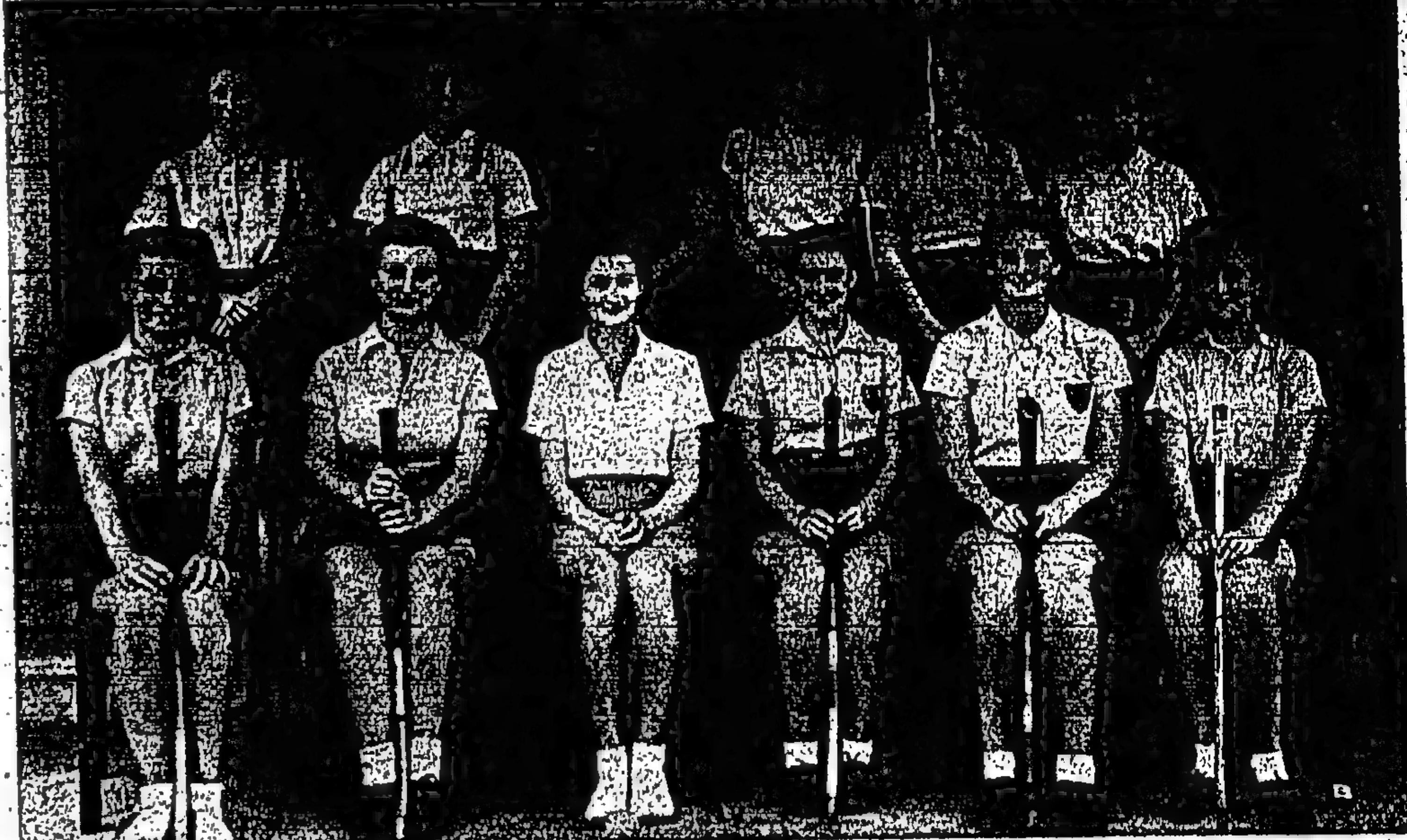
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Buy Frigidaire!

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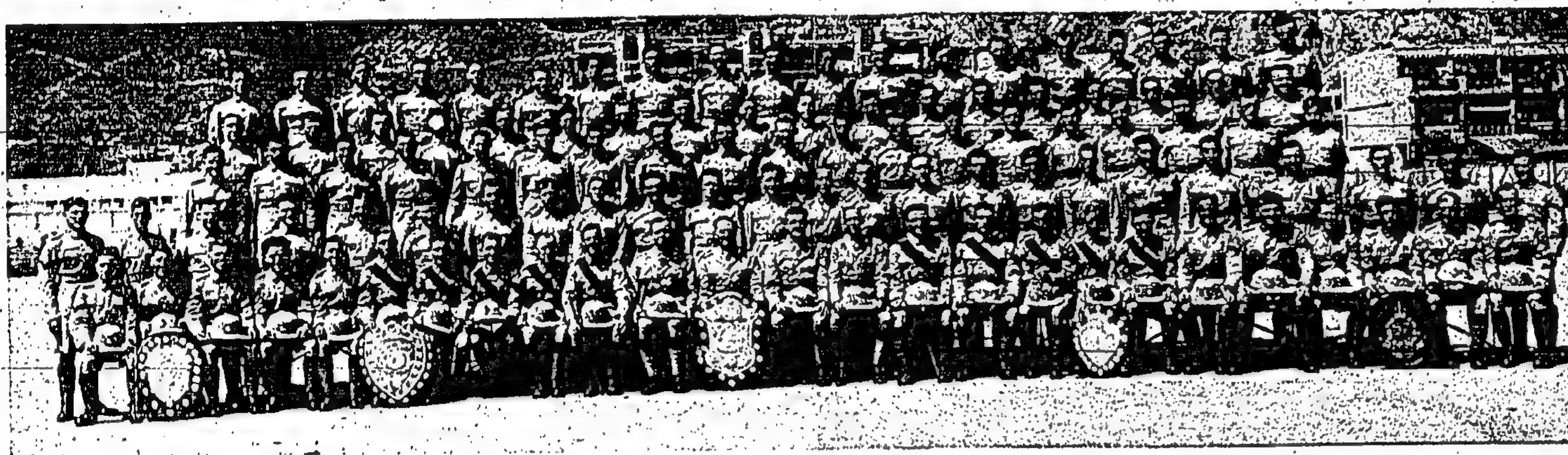
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WEDDING ANNIVERSARY:—Many friends gathered at the residence of Mr. and Mrs. P. W. Bradley of the Naval Dockyard on the occasion last week of their wedding anniversary. This group picture was taken during the celebration party.—Ming Yuen.



HOCKEY TEAM:—Members of the 1939-40 senior hockey team of the Central British girls' school. The team enjoyed a successful season, and was rated as one of the best turned out by the school during recent years.—Ming Yuen.



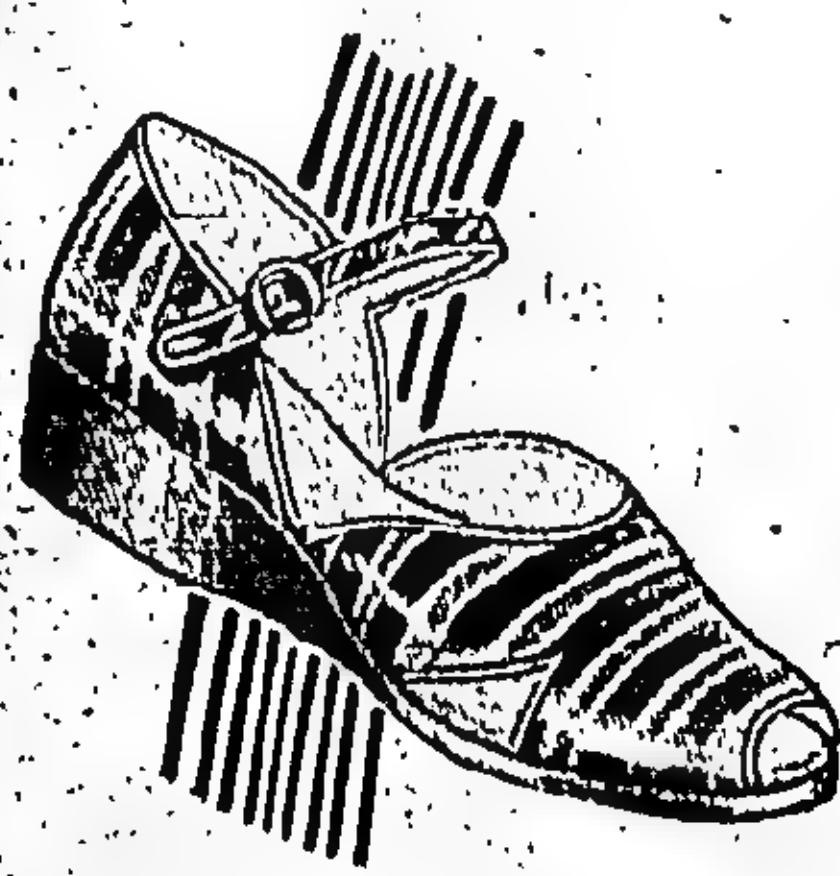
HONGKONG DEFENCE UNITS:—In this group photograph we have the officers and men of the 4th Medium Battery, Hongkong and Singapore Brigade, Royal Artillery, who form one of the most important links in Hongkong's defence forces. The picture was taken at the Kowloon Gun Club Hill, and in the foreground can be seen the battery's trophies.—Ming Yuen.

BEACH RELAXATION:—Sunday was an ideal day for the beach, and thousands took the opportunity to visit the many favourite spots both on the Island and Kowloon. In these two pictures opposite and below, we have studies of local residents relaxing and enjoying the sunshine at Big Wave Bay. Opposite are Mr. F. J. Cullinan and Mr. H. Goldie, and below can be seen Mr. S. W. Harris and friends.—Kahn.



STYLES THAT ARE DISTINCTIVE— INTERESTING

NEW "PLAY" SHOES
JUST RECEIVED IN
SEVERAL COLOURS.



GORDON'S LTD.



AT THE DOCTOR'S
"YOUR TROUBLE IS NIGHT STARVATION, YOU SEE, WHILE YOU SLEEP YOUR HEART, LUNGS, AND OTHER AUTOMATIC PROCESSES CONTINUE USING UP ENERGY. IN YOUR CASE ALSO THIS HAS LED TO AN EXCESS OF ACID WASTE PRODUCTS IN THE BLOOD. RECENT TESTS HAVE PROVED THAT HORLICKS AT BEDTIME IS WHAT YOU NEED."

AND SO EVERY NIGHT HORLICKS

TWO MONTHS LATER
"YOUNG JACKSON'S A DIFFERENT MAN THESE DAYS. HE'S GETTING ON WELL WITH THE DEALERS AND I'VE DECIDED TO SEND HIM TO IPOH AS BRANCH MANAGER." "EXCELLENT! I'M GLAD TO HEAR IT."

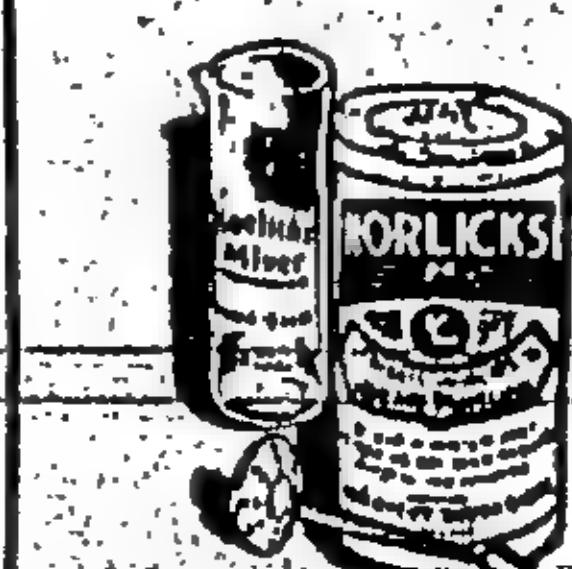
DOCTORS AND SCIENTISTS USE HORLICKS IN HOSPITAL TESTS

RECENTLY tests were made in a great hospital on men and women who complained of always feeling tired.

It was found that these people had an excess of acid waste products in their blood during sleep.

This acid waste kept the brain and nerves 'on edge' all night even though the rest of the body was sound asleep.

But when Horlicks was given to these people last thing at night, this excess waste was completely neutralised. They woke refreshed, with increased energy and vitality.

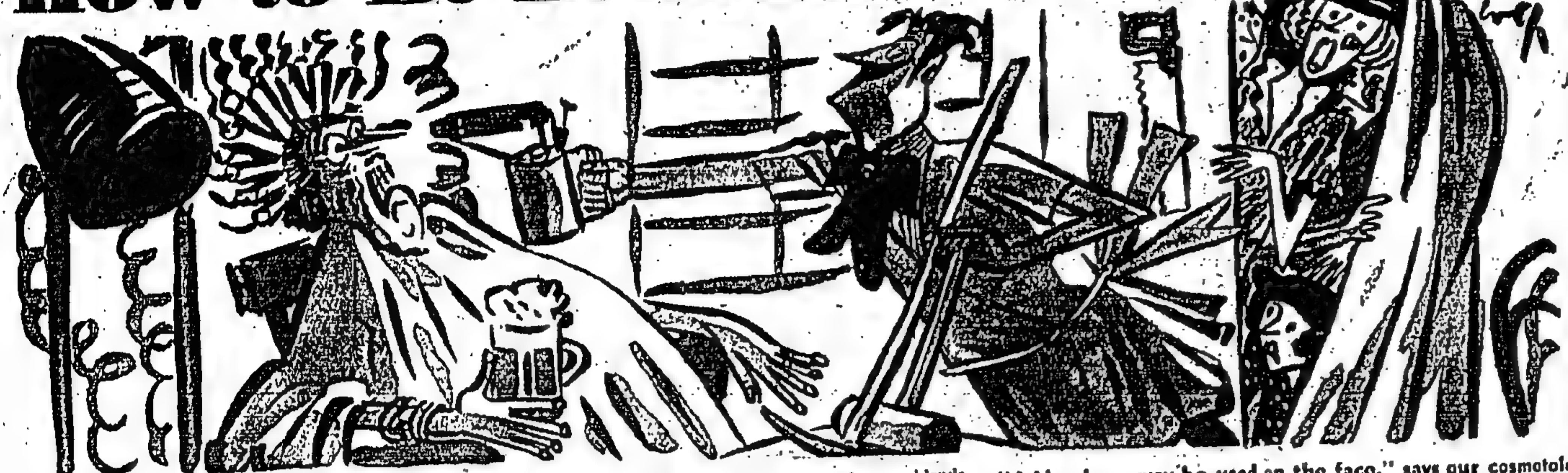


DO YOU FEEL WORN OUT, DEPRESSED, OR NERVOUS? DO YOU EVEN AWAKE TIRED?

Take HORLICKS

THEN YOU WILL SLEEP SOUNDLY, WAKE REFRESHED, AND HAVE EXTRA ENERGY ALL DAY

How to Be Beautiful, Yet Practical



Cosmetology Made Easy By the New Lay-On Principle

Speaking as one of Hongkong's leading cosmetologists, it is with regret that I have to remark that Hongkong women don't know how to make up.

Quite a lot of women look as if someone had smacked them in the face with a bag of flour and then followed it up with a couple of ripe tomatoes.

THIS should not be allowed to continue while we cosmetologists look on. I have given you a number of beauty lectures before, but, by the look

of you, you haven't taken a scrap of notice. However, I'm giving you another chance.

For a start, it will be obvious

that the make-up for a blonde would be totally unsuitable for a brunette. Remember this next time you change from blonde to blonde.

The basis of all make-up treatment is to give the face a bit of a wash first.

Lots of girls don't think of this, yet it is one of the best things for removing mud, dust, grass-seeds, etc., which collect on the face after a few months.

Never use sand-soap! Once it gets into your ears, it's the devil's own job getting it out.

If the face is particularly filthy a blow-lamp may be used—but this should be done by an expert.

Having got the face reasonably clean, a good cream should be well rubbed into the skin—not ice-cream, because it attracts the flies and there is nothing more embarrassing to a well-groomed woman than to be covered with flies.

A face-powder may be applied before the cream is rubbed in.

A simple method is to make a blanquette, plunge the face into it and allow the blanquette to set. If necessary, get into the ice-chest with it.

The blanquette should be worn for a couple of hours. After that you eat your way out of it.

The face-powder having been removed, rub in the cream. Rub upward from the neck. This will prevent that sagging chin.

It is exceedingly awkward to sit down and find your chin dangling in your lap. Don't let it happen to you.

Remove the surplus cream with a pad of cotton-wool or the tea-towel or floor-cloth, whichever is preferred, and dust the face—not wait a minute!

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The face-powder having been removed, rub in the cream. Rub upward from the neck. This will prevent that sagging chin.

It is exceedingly awkward to sit

down and find your chin dangling in your lap. Don't let it happen to you.

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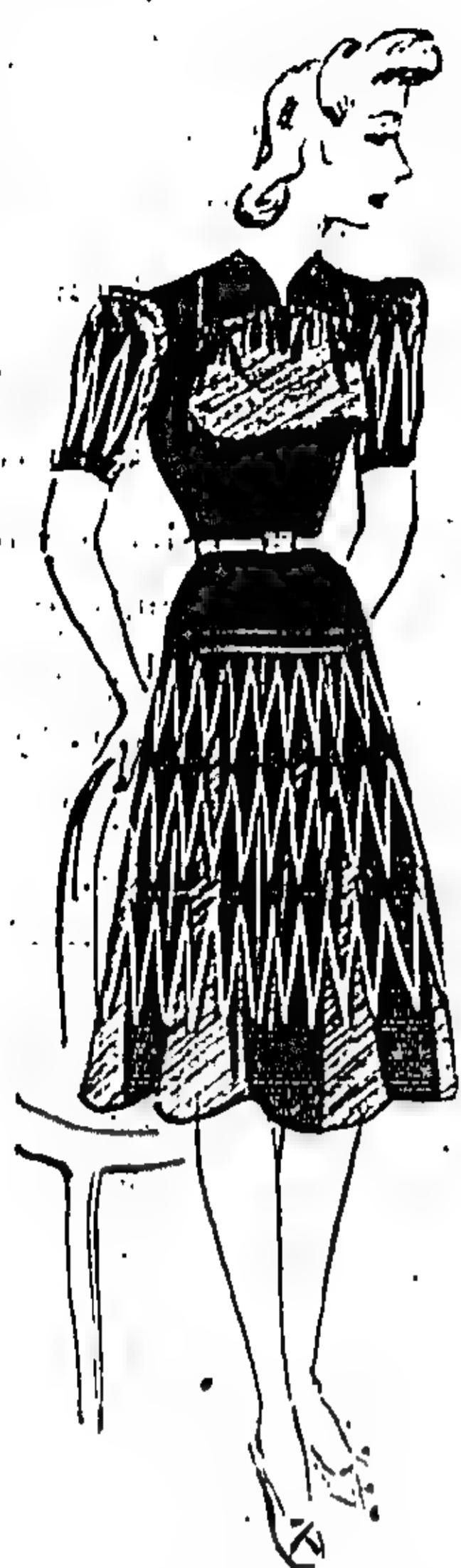
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This dress is done in one of the distinctive prints which are a feature of the Paris collections. Large white geometric patterns appear on navy blue silk crepe, used for the short sleeves and the skirt done in golets. The bodice is in solid navy, the belt in white leather.

Fashions For Men

By BARCLAY SWAIN

IT SEEMS that we have been having rain every day. People ask our advice about what to wear in the rain. To look at us personally, we are a fine example of what not to wear. Some years ago, we fell for one of those light-coloured English cotton gabardine raincoats with belts, ropes and even pulleys at the cuffs to throttle the wrists. We term it the "machine," because it is so devilishly complicated and needs a book of instructions to put on or take off. Besides, it has a "warmer" (a plaid woolen business that buttons in and out depending upon the season) which gets all snarled up the minute we try to put the damned thing on.

From personal and bitter experience, we warn against light-coloured cotton gabardines. They so easily and the "slope" used to make them "water repellent" washes away all too readily.

For real rain, wool gabardine is better, and now one of the rubber companies is coming out with a wool and rubber coat. We eagerly await it. It will answer everything—they tell us. For some reason, many of us only forth in rainy weather without umbrella or rubbers. The idea seems to be to melt the hat and unstick the shoes.

Naturally, the idea is pit-witted. There are handsome umbrellas on the market. We intend soon to devote an entire column to the umbrella and its meaning in present day life. The cane hasn't any, except for the aged and infirm.

SCOTTISH PIE

OATMEAL and rice together make a tempting pie for the second course. Put one cupful each of coarse oatmeal and washed rice into a saucepan with water to cover; simmer until tender. Add 2 oz. currants, 2 oz. brown sugar, 2 oz. shredded suet, a dash of nutmeg, and ½ pt. skim milk.

Bake in a pie-dish in a cool oven for an hour.

From The Veldt

Crayfish is much eaten in South Africa, but a tin of crab or some cooked white fish can be substituted for it in this appetising savoury.

Cut the crayfish up small.

Mince a small onion and fry it in hot fat until coloured yellow. Add a tablespoonful of flour, season with salt and pepper, and stir together. Mix in two cupfuls of tomato puree (tomatoes cooked until soft, then sieved or mashed) and boil up.

Pour all into the top of a double boiler, add ½ cupful of rice, cook until tender, then stir in the crayfish.

Types Of Brushes

By JACQUELINE HUNT

THE NUMBER of types of brushes you own may be an index to the efficiency and perfection of your grooming—or the lack of it. Gone are the days when a family hairbrush and clothes brush were enough for any woman. Now you need brushes for everything.

There is hardly a step in make-up or grooming that does not call for a special type of brush. Be beauty-conscious and see if you are up to date on these important accessories.

A surprising number of common beauty faults can be corrected promptly if the right brush is put to work. Take, for instance, blemished backs or that rough goose-flesh look on arms and legs that is so common during the winter. Plenty of warm water, soapsuds, a bath-brush that will reach all the "hard to get at" places and a rough bath towel are essentials in the corrective treatment for both conditions.

To Scrub Backs

In the case of a badly blemished back, an acne lotion or antiseptic astringent preparation should be applied, after the area has been thoroughly scrubbed. But, if your back is marred only by sallowness or roughness, a good hand-or-body lotion or warm oil applied after the scrubbing will do wonders to restore a clear, rosy colour and smooth texture. The same for legs and arms.

A vigorous all-over scrubbing, with a bath brush is good for the entire body. It arouses circulation, discourages deposits of surplus fat and improves skin texture everywhere.

Always dry thoroughly and follow with a softening lotion or a fine eau de Cologne or bath "friction" that contains soothing elixirs.

Are you having trouble with your lipstick line? Then one of the newer brush families will come to your aid. When a movie make-up artist wants

to colour or shape a perfect pair of lips, he uses a slender, stiffish camel's hair brush to trace the lip lines and to colour well inside the mouth so there will be no harsh lipstick line when you speak or laugh.

Just rub the brush on your lipstick, then transfer it to your lips, tracing the outlines first and filling in less precise strokes. The brush has another advantage. With it you can use the last smudge of your lipstick before getting a refill or buying a new one.

For Shaggy Eyebrows

Are shaggy-looking eyebrows the bane of your life? Another brush. It looks almost like a miniature toothbrush, but the bristles are slightly softer. Brush your unruly brows up against the direction of their growth, to free them of make-up or flakes of dead cuticle. Then brush into place. Keep this up until you train them to behave properly. If they are still stubborn, despite your best efforts, follow another movie tip and apply a small amount of wax with a match stick. Then put in place with a clean mascara brush.

Do you smudge eye shadow all over your face when you put it on? Patience and skill are required to avoid getting shadow on your nose at the inner corners of your eyes, so solve the problem by using a long, slender camel's hair brush for applying your shadow too. Dip it in the pot of shadow, then run it just above your lashes on the upper lid. You can complete the job with the brush; or use your finger to blend the colour outward and up toward the brow.

Still another movie trick—a light dusting of powder over your shadowed lids will prevent the dark line of colour that appears in the creases of your eyelids, when you use more than a touch of the cosmetic.

Arousing Circulation

You are already using a complexion brush—I hope—and a powder-blending brush. The first arouses the circulation and gives the skin better colour. It makes and keeps the skin clear by reaching into every little choiced pore and crevice, to clean out dirt and impurities. It removes excess powder that clings to facial fuzz and lodges in crevices around the mouth and nose.

Just as essential to good grooming are the variety of brushes for your shoes, hats and clothing. One of the newer brushes is of rubber to keep suede shoes immaculate. Another brush, small, soft and narrow, keeps your felt or straw hats dustless and neat. Still another has long, thick bristles to clean and perk up the nap of your tweed suit.

Don't Neglect The Kitchen Sink

YOUR kitchen may have shining emblazoned walls and spotless painted woodwork, but the general effect of cleanliness will be spoilt if the sink is not immaculate.

Also, if your sink is not absolutely clean, trouble will follow (such as a stoppage in the pipe) with the consequent visit of a plumber.

Take care not to empty grease, or even excessively greasy water, down the sink.

Sinks dislike tea-leaves too, as they swell, and can quickly stop up a pipe. It is a good idea, occasionally, to pour the boiling water from a kettle down the sink, having first put a little soda over the plug-hole.

Garlic For Flavour

A cut piece of garlic rubbed around your salad bowl prior to mixing salad dressing will give it a highly seasoned flavour without making it too strong.

HERBAL HELP FOR ACING BACKS

For people who are troubled with pains in the back, disordered kidneys, aches of the bladder or other ailments of the urinary tract,

GOLDEN GRIFFIN BACKACHE AND KIDNEY TEA

is of immense value. This famous European herbal remedy is obtainable in two sizes, \$0.75 and \$2.00 at Chemists and Department Stores or from G. T. FULFORD CO., LTD. (of Canada) Proprietors.

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BABY'S GRIPPE PAINS

When baby suffers from colic or griping, avoid harsh, harmful laxatives. Give him gentle safe Phillips' Milk of Magnesia. A mild, but effective laxative, Phillips' neutralizes stomach acids, stimulates digestion, aids elimination. It's absolutely safe for baby's delicate organs.

Phillips' MILK OF MAGNESIA TABLETS
Just the thing when children's stomachs are upset. Children like their peppermint flavor.

PHILLIPS' MILK OF MAGNESIA



White lace embroidery is mounted with great effectiveness on this alluring gown of black silk marquisette. It is made over a slip of black taffeta. Pearls and diamonds are the jewels worn.

If You Plan To Tan, Now's The Time

By JACQUELINE HUNT

NOW is the time to decide whether to tan or not to tan this summer. Such are early decision and the proper steps taken now will insure you against a single painful sunburn later on. You can take the sun in greater doses than you can once Old Sol has mounted higher in the heavens. And by starting now and building up your skin's resistance, you can play and swim as much as you like later on without a worry.

The sun dries the skin and absorbs the natural oils—less now than later, of course—so your first move should be to use a good protective oil or cream over every inch of the skin exposed. You should also time your exposures carefully at first, even though the spring sun seems harmless enough.

In Short Doses

I hesitate to tell you, as some authorities do, that you should limit your first exposure to 10 minutes. This way, it might take you half a summer to get a satisfactory tan, but under no circumstances should you remain in the sun more than 25 minutes the first time. The exact

amount of sun you can take depends on your skin. The oily skin can stand more than the dry skin. Brunettes generally can stand a lot more sun than thinner skinned blondes or redheads.

Some delicate skins, of course, simply will not take a satisfactory tan and you might as well accept the fact at the start before you get a painful burn. This doesn't mean that you should live like a hermit all summer. You can enjoy swimming and outdoor sports, but use liberal applications of sunproof protective cream, or use of dark-toned powder lotion and plenty of make-up. A dark-toned complexion tan will give the effect of a delicate tan and will, at the same time, help screen out the burning rays of the sun.

Even with this protection, you should use common sense. Renew the application of cream or lotion frequently and when you rest between games or come out of the water sit under a beach parasol or wear a big shadu hat. A loose robe that will cover you completely will give excellent protection.

If your skin does take a nice tan, let the colour deepen slowly. Lots of oil or creams is the rule. Each day spend a little more time in the sun, but do not stay out long enough for the skin to become warm or to appear pink.

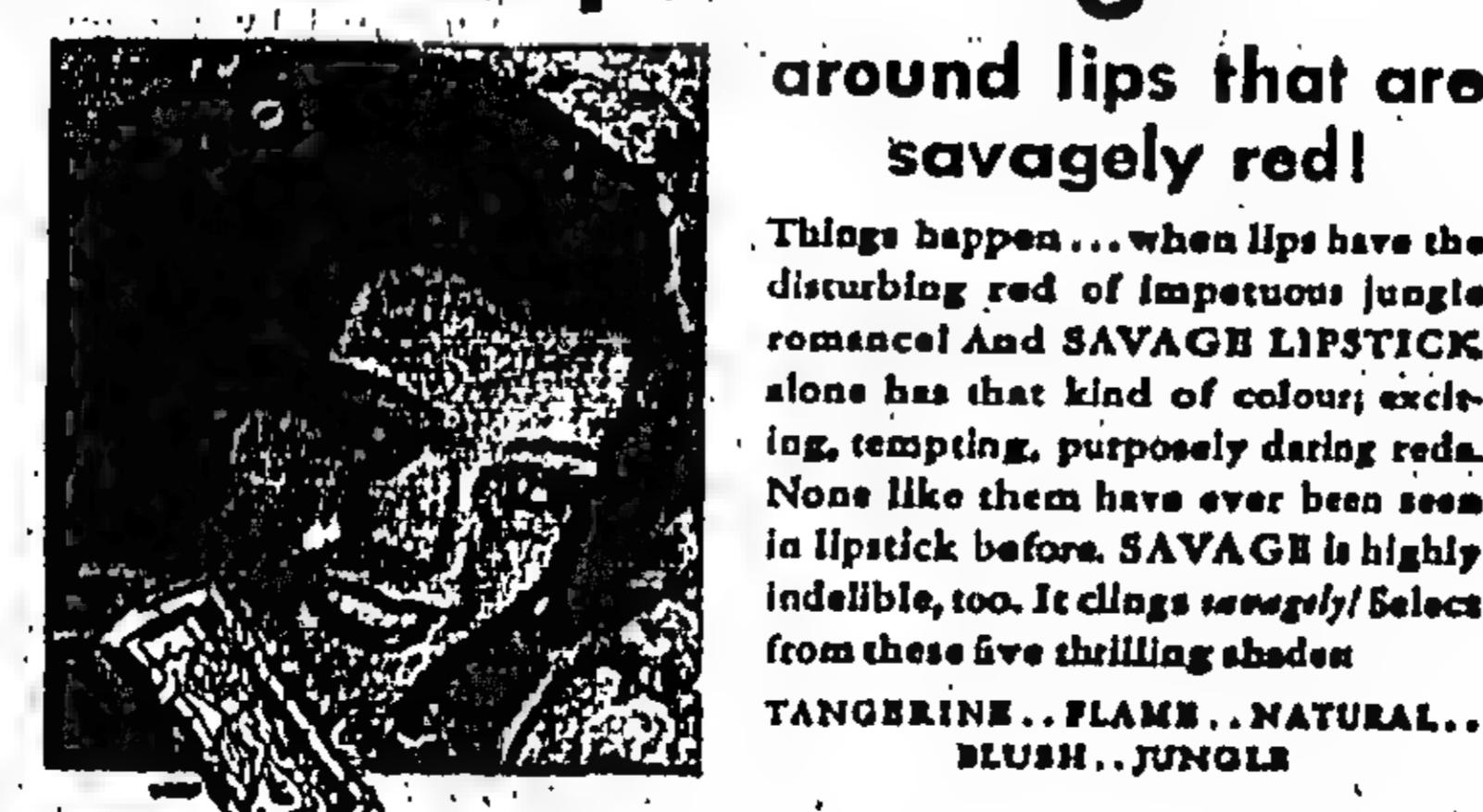
Powder Matches Tan

Of course your ordinary make-up will have to be changed as you get a tan. Since you will not want to buy several different sets of make-up during the summer a good plan is to get a box of rich, deep toned complexion powder and blend it in increasing proportions with the complexion powder you use during the winter or early spring. As for rouge and lipstick, you will want a slightly deeper shade with some brown in it. Golden slumber shades can use the softer orange-red shades but the true burnt-orange should be something else. Many of the newest summer shades are like this with brownish base that harmonizes with your skin tones yet with a hint of blue-red to give vividness.

Here's another tip in choosing your summer make-up shades. Let the depth of colour in your eyes serve as a guide. If your eyes are light in colouring, avoid deep shades of make-up even though you tan. Choose one of the softer colours.

Use some of your transparent cream-rouge for tinting your lips. This gives colour and warmth without robbing the eyes of their colour. The deeper the colour of your eyes the deeper the rouge and lipstick shades you can use.

Tempests rage



around lips that are savagely red!

Things happen...when lips have the disturbing red of impetuous jungle romance! And SAVAGE LIPSTICK alone has that kind of colour; exciting, tempting, purposely daring red. None like them have ever been seen in lipstick before. SAVAGE is highly indelible, too. It clings savagely! Select from these five thrilling shades:

TANGERINE.. FLAME.. NATURAL.. BLUSH.. JUNGLE

FOR YOUR COMPLETE BEAUTY TREATMENT

USE SAVAGE POWDER AND DRY ROUGE.

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INVIGORATING CLIMATE SWIMMING-GOLF- TENNIS

HIKING

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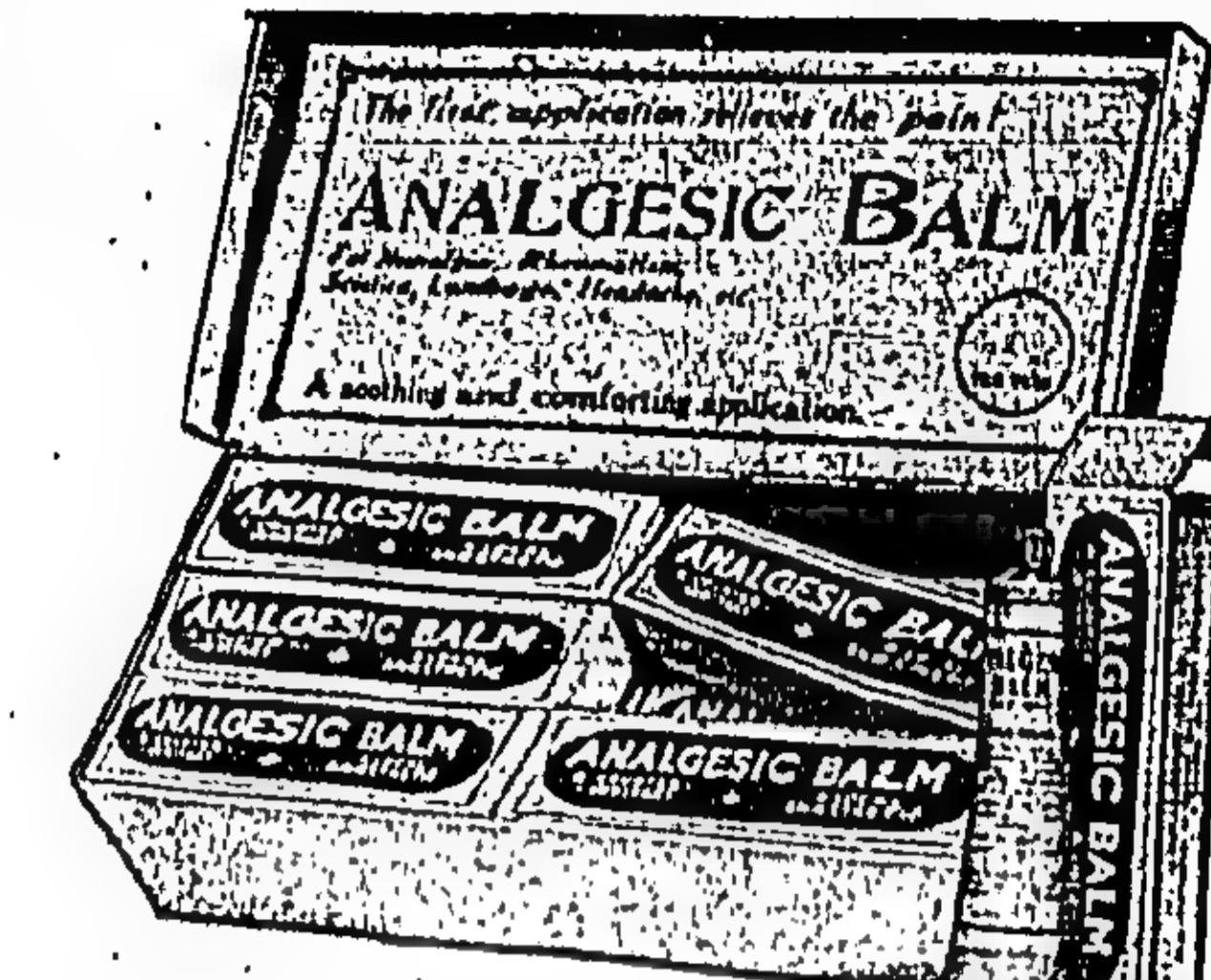
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June—September, 1940.

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for the best and second-best entries.

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by EASTMAN KODAK CO.

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SECTION ONE

General Pictorial: Land and Seascapes:
Architecture: Street Scenes, etc.

1st. Silver Cup. 2nd. \$30. 3rd. \$20. 4th. \$12.50.

SECTION TWO

Portraits: Informal Close-ups: Human Studies.

1st. Silver Cup. 2nd. \$30. 3rd. \$20. 4th. \$12.50.

SECTION THREE

Still Life and Table Top Studies.

1st. Silver Cup. 2nd. \$30. 3rd. \$20. 4th. \$12.50.

SECTION FOUR

(Craftsmen's Section)

The whole of the work entailed in the production of every entry must have been done by the competitors who will be required to make a declaration to this effect. Each entry must have "pasted" on the back a special entry form obtainable on application from The Hongkong Telegraph or from the Hon. Secretary, Hongkong Photographic Society. Subjects at the discretion of competitors.

1st. Silver Cup. 2nd. \$30. 3rd. \$20. 4th. \$12.50.

RULES

The following rules will govern the competition:

- 1.—All entries to be either black and white or color prints. Coloured photographs are ineligible.
- 2.—No employee or member of any firm in the photographic trade is permitted to enter.
- 3.—The prizes will be awarded to the competitors sending in the best photo, as judged by the Hon. Secretary, Hongkong Photographic Society, which entry must be accompanied by a form which will be published during the period of the competition, and which must be pasted on back of entry.
- 4.—The right to publish any or all of the entries is reserved to the Hongkong Telegraph.
- 5.—All photographs entered must have been taken in the Colony.
- 6.—Hongkong photographs which have already appeared in other Competitions are ineligible.
- 7.—No responsibility will be accepted for non-delivery of, loss of, or damage to entries.
- 8.—The decision of the Judges shall be final.
- 9.—At the conclusion of the competition, entries will be returned to competitors on application at the Telegraph offices within seven days.

ENTRY FORM

SECTION

*that
from the
British Commonwealth
is the basis of this
Beer*



*More people are drinking
Blue Label*

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THE HONGKONG BREWERY & DISTILLERY CO., LTD.

DISTINGUISHED TURKISH VISITORS AT ALDERSHOT



A Turkish delegation of Deputies and newspapermen recently made a tour of Great Britain, and here they are seen inspecting tanks at Aldershot. They are being escorted by Major-General MacNaughten, the Canadian Commander-in-Chief.

Doctor Took Dog Whip, Threatened Patient

MERTHYR TYDFIL (Glam).

A PATIENT alleged here recently that a panel doctor took down a dog whip from the wall of his consulting-room and threatened him with it.

He was giving evidence at an inquiry conducted by the medical service committee of the Borough Insurance Committee.

When he went to the doctor's surgery for a prescription said the patient, he asked the doctor what his evening surgery hours were.

The doctor took down the dog whip and asked him what he thought of it. He then swung the whip around in his hand and said, 'You—Northman, go back to the North,' and then shouted: 'Join the Navy or the Army!'

SEVERE CENSURE DEMAND

In evidence, the doctor said he was not provoked by the patient, but frankly he did not want to see him. He was not prepared to apologise to the patient, but would do so to the committee.

The sub-committee found that the doctor made no attempt to justify his action, and recommended that the Welsh Board of Health be asked to censure him severely for his conduct. The recommendation was accepted by the full committee.

Yarn From Waste Cotton Process Discovered

The Czechoslovak firm of Pasold, established near Slough some years ago, has perfected a process for the manufacture of yarn from clipping of waste cotton in the maelting-up industry.

An official of the company said, "The reclamation of cutting is not new... What is new is the doing of it with cheap grades of material.

"The knitting yarn for mass production cheap garments that used to come from Belgium, Czechoslovakia and Japan can now by this process, be made in Britain.

"Normally we should have kept the process secret—but with a war on we have decided to throw it open to the whole country."

Back From The Dead

A STRANGER walked into an inn at Chippenham, Wilts, and asked: "Does anybody know any of the Hillbards who live around here?" "Yes," said one man, "I know Bill, Joe, Sam, Jim, Nelson and Chris." "I'm Nelson," said the inquirer. "Well, there's Bill over in the corner," said the other.

The brothers did not know each other. They had not met for 21 years and the family had given up Nelson as dead.

After leaving the Australian Navy he wrote 10 years ago that he had walked 8,000 miles seeking work, and would not write again until he was on his feet.

The National Federation of Fish Friers' conference at Whitley Bay decided recently to seek State aid for the fishing industry.

A proposal to ask for a £1,000,000 subsidy was withdrawn.



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DELIGHTFULLY
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BEETLES, MOTHS, FLEAS etc., even Bugs
BUT IT MUST BE KEATING'S

The New Bus

VIGNETTES OF LIFE

By KEMP STARRETT



HOW TO GET OUT OF SOMETHING
LIKE THIS IS ENOUGH TO TAX THE
BRAIN OF A RUSSIAN DIPLOMAT.



THE NEIGHBOR WHO
TO SHOW YOU HE'S NOT
IMPROVED KICKS YOUR NEW
WHITE-WALL TIRES UNTIL THEY
LOOK LIKE VICTIMS OF SPOTTED FEVER.

KOWLOON F.C. UNFORTUNATE

C.G. Silva's Rink Saves Recreio 'A': Hard Game for Craigengower To-day

(By "Wick")

KOWLOON FOOTBALL CLUB had good reason to be called the unluckiest club in the Lawn Bowls League last week. Three of the 12 matches played in the three divisions have been decided by a single shot, and in two of them the K.F.C. figured at the losing end.

Two Teams Beaten By One Shot

Both these defeats were sustained on their own green, too. In the Second Division they were defeated by Kowloon C.C. 53-52, and in the Third Division by Craigengower C.C. 58-57.

The remaining team to go down by one shot were Club de Recreio, who lost to Taikoo R.C. at Taikoo, by 47-48.

Writing on the prospects of last week's matches in the First Division, I expressed the opinion that the most interesting game would be the one between the champions (Recreio "A") and the Civil Service C.C. And so it proved.

The champions were expected to win and they did by 10 shots, but their victory was not due to all-round superiority but entirely to the fine display of Carlos Silva and his men, who finished up 33-18 to the good against J. F. MacGowan's rink. The 15-shot margin secured by Carlos Silva more than made up for the failure of "Spiky" Silva and H. A. Alves who, between them, dropped five shots.

THE other games in this division contained little of interest, ending as expected.

The Indians and Hongkong F.C.—100 per cent. teams, they called themselves—met at Soakupoo, and with green advantage, the Indians registered their first win of the season. It was a comfortable victory by 22 shots.

TODAY'S programme of matches—in the First Division at any rate—promises to be the best to date. Recreio "A" are to visit the Police, who, on their own green, are a rather uncertain quantity.

Many good teams have met their Waterloo on this green, but I don't think the champions, after their narrow escape last week, will slip up this afternoon.

MOST even of the matches should be the one at Austin Road, where Kowloon—B.G.C. will entertain Craigengower C.C.

Matches between these two clubs have always been extremely keen, and to-day's encounter should not be an exception. I tip the Kowloon side to win.

AFTER their fine performance last week, it is difficult to

NOTICE

S.S. "MACAU" will run an excursion trip on Sunday morning, 9th June.

(Macau Race Meeting)
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GUIDE TO THE RACES

The following guide to the races at Macao to-morrow was compiled on the selections of three newspapers (three points for 1st, two for 2nd, and one 3rd):

LAPPA HANDICAP (FIRST SECTION)

1st 2nd 3rd Pls.

Jack O'Lantern 1 1 1 6

Night View 1 1 1 6

Phoenix 1 1 1 6

NAMTAO HANDICAP (FIRST SECTION)

Heddon 1 5

Radium Star 1 4

Lancashire Chap 1 3

Tim 1 2

Dow Jones 1 2

LAPPA HANDICAP (FIRST SECTION)

Double Change 2 1 8

Golden Cow 1 2 7

March Brown 2 2

Desert Star 1 1

NAMTAO HANDICAP (SECOND SECTION)

National Anthem 2 1 7

King's Envoy 1 1 3

Lucky Eleven 1 2

Mac's Adventure 1 2

Old Fashioned 1 2

CHAIRMAN'S CUP

Shanghai 4 2 0

Hoffmann 1 2

Fairy Ouse 1 1

Fairy Auk 1 3

LIMCHOW HANDICAP

Eagle 3 9

Cloudy Star 1 1

Iron Knight 1 2

Victory Life 1 1

Shanghai 4 1 1

Meadow Eve 1 1

Wartime Football Cup Final

Westham Favoured To Beat Blackburn To-day

LONDON, June 7 (Reuters)—Free admittance for a thousand British soldiers from Dunkirk and a special enclosure for injured returned soldiers will be provided at Wembley to-morrow for the final of the Football League Wartime Cup. West Ham are favourites.

The majority of the players are engaged in national duties. Chivers (Blackburn) will travel to Wembley after finishing work at 4 a.m. The teams are:

West Ham—Conway, Bicknell, C. Walker, Fenton, H. Walker, Crockett, Small, Macaulay, Foreman, Goulden, Foxall.

Blackburn—Baron, Hough, Crook, Whiteside, Pryde, Chivers, Rogers, Butt, Weddle, Clarke, Guest. —Reuters.

Newport Trounce Plymouth

LONDON, June 7 (Reuters)—In the South-Western Section of the English Regional soccer leagues to-day, Newport, playing at home, trounced Plymouth 6-3.

Women's Golf Competitions At Fanling

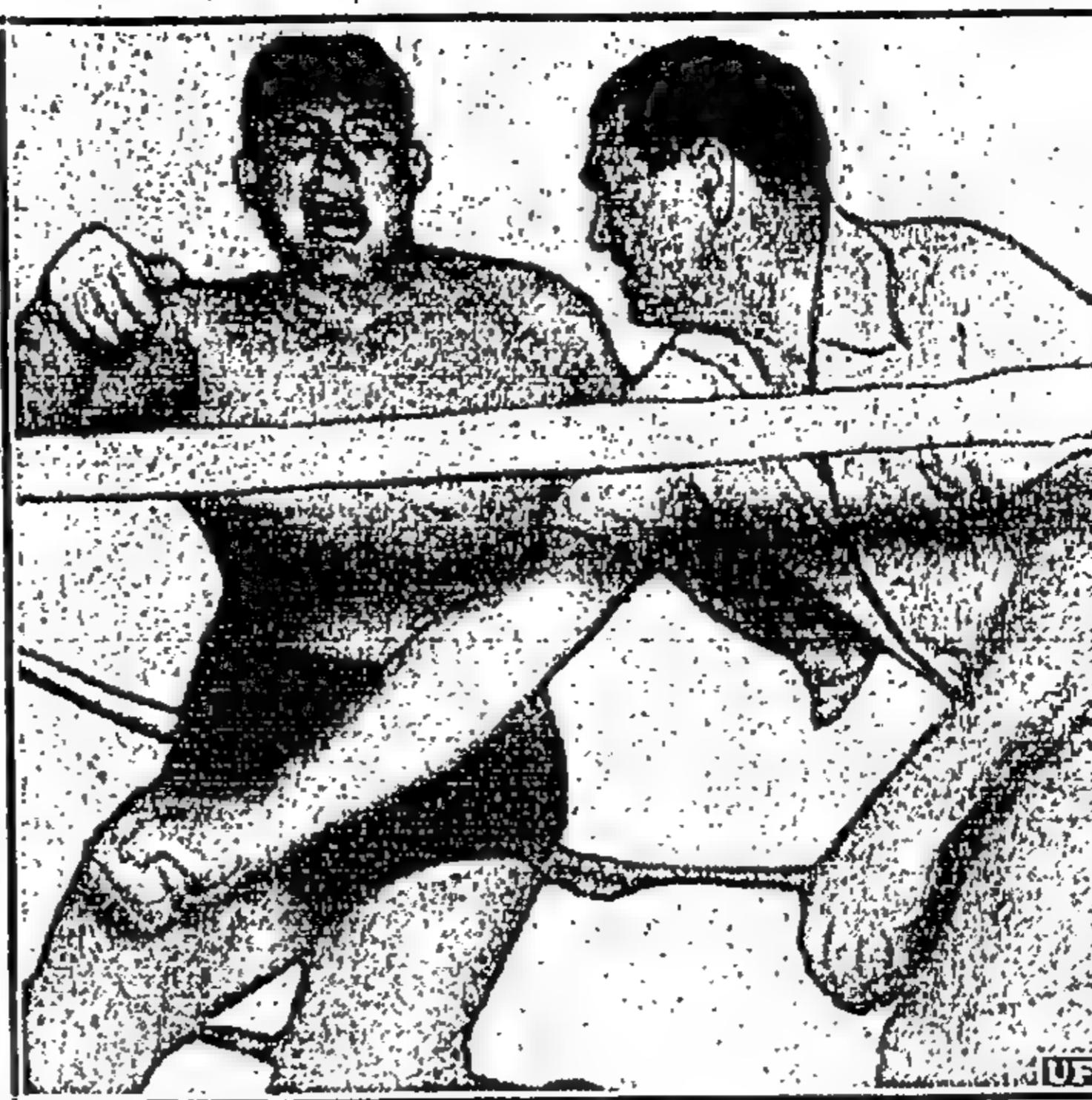
Miss M. Glendinning qualified for the May Qualifying Round of the Captain's Cup competition when she returned a card of 108—20—83.

MEDAL COMPETITION

Mrs. R. J. Shrigley returned a card of 108—30—70, to win the Bronze Division in the May Monthly Medal competition, held by the Ladies' Section of the Royal Hong Kong Golf Club.

BASEBALL

The baseball match between the Philippines and Manchukuo teams to-day resulted in a victory for the latter.



KNOWS BETTER NOW — Cowboy Luttrell, left, didn't like a decision Jack Dempsey made as referee of an Atlanta wrestling bout and made a pass at Jack. So the old Manassa Mauler polished him off with jolts, as above. Note expressions.

Football

England and Scotland Draw at Hampden Park

International Match In Aid of Red Cross

LONDON—Scotland and England shared two goals, both scored in the second half, in the Red Cross international at Hampden Park on May 11 before 62,431 spectators. There could be no two opinions about which were the cleverer team. The Englishmen were much more efficient and crisp in their footwork and in combination, too, they were superior to a Scottish team who nevertheless maintained they should have won.

Less than two minutes were left when a great shot by Walker struck Cullis, who fell in a heap six yards from goal. Immediately the Scots crowded in, and the ball went into the net off McCulloch.

What a cheer went up from the crowd, but suddenly it gave way to boozing as the referee disallowed the score. He adjudged McCulloch to be offside.

This was a sensational end to a game which was short of classic football. Neither team had one shot worthy of the name in the first half, when England came nearest to scoring. That was when Welsh headed the ball, centred by Matthews, against the crossbar.

Long before this Martin should have done better than shoot over the crossbar from an open position.

Perfect Rifle Score

R. Wheeler, small bore marksman from Aylesbury, the maximum possible .400 points when qualifying recently as a master shot of Great Britain.

He hit a three-sixteenth-inch ball forty times out of forty from a 25-yards range.

EAST ASIA ATHLETICS

Japan And Manchukuo Teams Win Early Events

TOKYO, June 7 (Domol)—The finals of three field and track events in the East Asia Athletic Meet were held yesterday and resulted as follows:

Women's Broad Jump—1. Miss Karto Yamada (Japan) (5.74 metres); 2. Miss Toyo Yoshino (Japan); 3. Miss Misako Yamada (Japan).

Shot Put—1. Tombin (Manchukuo) (13.38 metres); 2. Yamamoto (Philippines) (13.02 metres); 3. Mizukura (Japan) (12.91 metres); 4. Kao (Manchukuo); 5. Yokota (Japan); 6. Yoshida (Japan).

1,000-metre Obsticle Race—1. Ozawa (Japan) (9 minutes 34.2); 2. Takahashi (Japan) (9 minutes 58.0); 3. Nagai (Japan) (10 minutes 02.0); 4. Okamoto (Japan); 5. Takata (Japan).

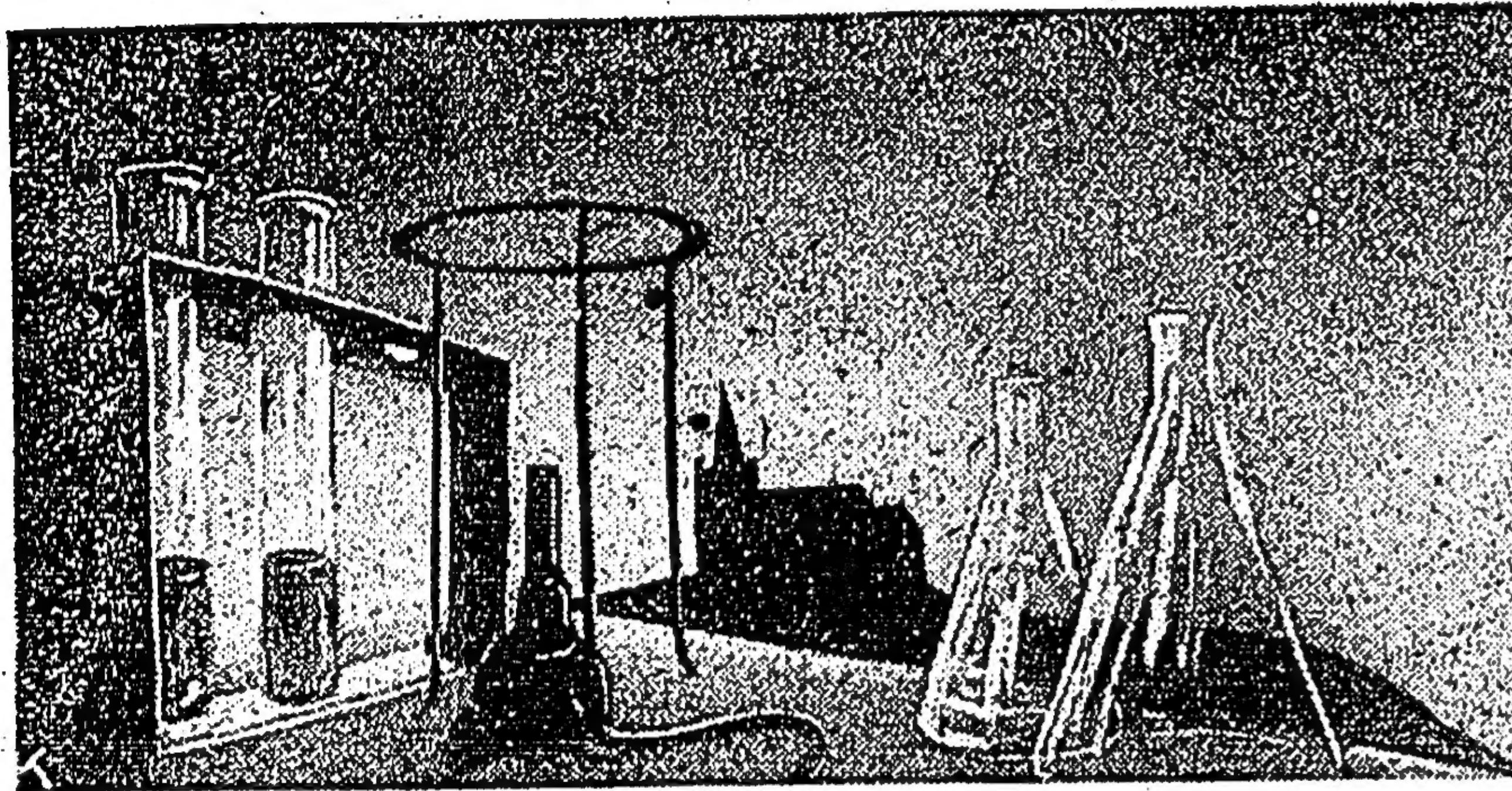
100-metre Sprint—1. Cao (Manchukuo); 2. Li (China); 3. Li (China); 4. Li (China); 5. Li (China); 6. Li (China); 7. Li (China); 8. Li (China); 9. Li (China); 10. Li (China); 11. Li (China); 12. Li (China); 13. Li (China); 14. Li (China); 15. Li (China); 16. Li (China); 17. Li (China); 18. Li (China); 19. Li (China); 20. Li (China); 21. Li (China); 22. Li (China); 23. Li (China); 24. Li (China); 25. Li (China); 26. Li (China); 27. Li (China); 28. Li (China); 29. Li (China); 30. Li (China); 31. Li (China); 32. Li (China); 33. Li (China); 34. Li (China); 35. Li (China); 36. Li (China); 37. Li (China); 38. Li (China); 39. Li (China); 40. Li (China); 41. Li (China); 42. Li (China); 43. Li (China); 44. Li (China); 45. Li (China); 46. Li (China); 47. Li (China); 48. Li (China); 49. Li (China); 50. Li (China); 51. Li (China); 52. Li (China); 53. Li (China); 54. Li (China); 55. Li (China); 56. Li (China); 57. Li (China); 58. Li (China); 59. Li (China); 60. Li (China); 61. Li (China); 62. Li (China); 63. Li (China); 64. Li (China); 65. Li (China); 66. Li (China); 67. Li (China); 68. Li (China); 69. Li (China); 70. Li (China); 71. Li (China); 72. Li (China); 73. Li (China); 74. Li (China); 75. Li (China); 76. Li (China); 77. Li (China); 78. Li (China); 79. Li (China); 80. Li (China); 81. Li (China); 82. Li (China); 83. Li (China); 84. Li (China); 85. Li (China); 86. Li (China); 87. Li (China); 88. Li (China); 89. Li (China); 90. Li (China); 91. Li (China); 92. Li (China); 93. Li (China); 94. Li (China); 95. Li (China); 96. Li (China); 97. Li (China); 98. Li (China); 99. Li (China); 100. Li (China); 101. Li (China); 102. Li (China); 103. Li (China); 104. Li (China); 105. Li (China); 106. Li (China); 107. Li (China); 108. Li (China); 109. Li (China); 110. Li (China); 111. Li (China); 112. Li (China); 113. Li (China); 114. Li (China); 115. Li (China); 116. Li (China); 117. Li (China); 118. Li (China); 119. Li (China); 120. Li (China); 121. Li (China); 122. Li (China); 123. Li (China); 124. Li (China); 125. Li (China); 126. Li (China); 127. Li (China); 128. Li (China); 129. Li (China); 130. Li (China); 131. Li (China); 132. Li (China); 133. Li (China); 134. Li (China); 135. Li (China); 136. Li (China); 137. Li (China); 138. Li (China); 139. Li (China); 140. Li (China); 141. Li (China); 142. Li (China); 143. Li (China); 144. Li (China); 145. Li (China); 146. Li (China); 147. Li (China); 148. Li (China); 149. Li (China); 150. Li (China); 151. Li (China); 152. Li (China); 153. Li (China); 154. Li (China); 155. Li (China); 156. Li (China); 157. Li (China); 158. Li (China); 159. Li (China); 160. Li (China); 161. Li (China); 162. Li (China); 163. Li (China); 164. Li (China); 165. Li (China); 166. Li (China); 167. Li (China); 168. Li (China); 169. Li (China); 170. Li (China); 171. Li (China); 172. Li (China); 173. Li (China); 174. Li (China); 175. Li (China); 176. Li (China); 177. Li (China); 178. Li (China); 179. Li (China); 180. Li (China); 181. Li (China); 182. Li (China); 183. Li (China); 184. Li (China); 185. Li (China); 186. Li (China); 187. Li (China); 188. Li (China); 189. Li (China); 190. Li (China); 191. Li (China); 192. Li (China); 193. Li (China); 194. Li (China); 195. Li (China); 196. Li (China); 197. Li (China); 198. Li (China); 199. Li (China); 200. Li (China); 201. Li (China); 202. Li (China); 203. Li (China); 204. Li (China); 205. Li (China); 206. Li (China); 207. Li (China); 208. Li (China); 209. Li (China); 210. Li (China); 211. Li (China); 212. Li (China); 213. Li (China); 214. Li (China); 215. Li (China); 216. Li (China); 217. Li (China); 218. Li (China); 219. Li (China); 220. Li (China); 221. Li (China); 222. Li (China); 223. Li (China); 224. Li (China); 225. Li (China); 226. Li (China); 227. Li (China); 228. Li (China); 229. Li (China); 230. Li (China); 231. Li (China); 232. Li (China); 233. Li (China); 234. Li (China); 235. Li (China); 236. Li (China); 237. Li (China); 238. Li (China); 239. Li (China); 240

NANCY



By Ernie Bushmiller

Can we create LIFE?



SO far as we know at present, all living organisms arise from preceding ones. Life appears to run in unbroken parallel streams or threads through space and time. Behind the many complex living organisms we know to-day lies the long history of evolution, extending backwards in time for hundreds of millions of years.

Life appears to possess a peculiar time-linked, historical character. If the nature and actions of a living organism depend essentially on a special history in the past, then the attempt to produce such a living organism in the laboratory from inanimate materials might be the attempt to produce something requiring an essential history—without that history!

If someone in the famous Cavendish Laboratory at Cambridge were to produce an ounce of helium gas from hydrogen gas, the very essence of the discovery would be that this "new" helium would behave in all respects like—the helium we already know.

In each case the behaviour of the helium would be defined by its momentary state and would not depend on the integration of a special behaviour-history in the past. We should not say that the Cavendish scientist had "created" helium.

No doubt the atoms and molecules of our chemical elements possess a long past history in the stars and interstellar space, and perhaps in the pre-stellar stages of the cosmos. But that is not the point at issue.

If the Cavendish scientist were to send a sample of his "created" helium to a colleague in Paris or Berlin the latter would be unable to distinguish it from a sample of his "old" helium.

In the case of inanimate things we are justified in the belief that we can produce samples of them identical in nature and behaviour and yet dissimilar in their past histories. Their behaviour is unhistorical (in mathematical language) it is described by ordinary differential equations.

Now if living organisms are historical systems in the sense already explained, that is to say, if their behaviour cannot be determined without a knowledge of their special past history (in mathematical language, without the use of integro-differential equations) then the problem of "creating" them may present difficulties of an order hitherto totally unknown to science.

I must apologise to the reader of this article for having dared to do what is rarely attempted in science. In effect, I have put before him what amounts to a new and hitherto unpublished scientific theory.

Such theories are, however, fragile things—adventures of ideas, to use the apt phrase of Professor Whitehead. I shall be amply content if the reader will, for the present, regard what I have said as a note of warning concerning the difficulty of my theme, and not as something possessing the nature of established scientific truth. The point of my remarks will be evident at a later stage.

Complex living organisms, whether plants or animals, consist of an organised assemblage of what the biologist calls living cells. These cells possess different functions, but they all work together in an harmonious organisation, which provides for the growth and maintenance of the whole organism and for its reproduction.

It was thought at one time that the complex organic substances occurring in living organisms or

LIFE and DEATH-IV.

separated by them could not be produced by the chemist in the laboratory and were the products of some mysterious vital process.



During the last hundred years have dispelled this idea.

A very large number of these substances have now been synthesised in the laboratory. Although, the complex proteins and the enzymes and hormones of protein character have not yet been obtained in this way, a great deal is known about their chemical constitution.

There exists therefore no good reason to suppose that the chemist will fail to ascertain the nature, of and to synthesise in the laboratory, all the chemical constituents of living organisms. Although some scientists hold that, whereas such a statement may be true of these substances when outside the living cell, they exist inside the living cell—in a peculiar and different state of higher energy, such views as yet lack any sure experimental basis.

The fundamental nature of life is being sought for in an investigation of simple living cells and unicellular organisms. These known units of life are active centres of chemical action, depending for their existence on a supply of potential energy consisting of substances or groups of substances possessing available chemical energy and, in the case of green plants, of sunlight also. From their environment the living cells build up the substances they require, and to it they yield up the waste products of their internal chemical actions. The cells grow and multiply by a process of division.

It has been found possible to remove living tissue from complex organisms and to keep it alive outside the organism, provided suitable nourishment (potential chemical energy) is supplied and injurious waste products are removed.

In this process of tissue culture, as it is called, the cells can be seen dividing and multiplying. This is a wonderful achievement, for these growing and dividing cells act very much like independent unicellular organisms, and their behaviour under diverse influences can be studied.



In spite of the great progress already made in physiological, biological, and biochemical research, no success whatever has attended the numerous attempts to produce living organisms from inanimate materials.

It must also be confessed that very little is known about the origin of life on this planet. There are good reasons for thinking that the age of the earth is not less than 1000 million years. The fossil remains found in the sedimentary rocks prove that early forms of life appeared on this planet a very long time ago, perhaps several hundred million years ago.

If the earth and the other planets of our solar system were pulled out of the sun by the gravitational action of a passing star, as Sir James Jeans supposes, the earth when it had cooled down sufficiently to acquire a solid crust of rock and seas and rivers could not have contained any living organisms. Nor could it have contained any of the complex organic substances which are always found in the living cells we have studied. We do not even know how such substances could have been produced in an inorganic and inanimate earth.

It was thought at one time that the complex organic substances occurring in living organisms or

The hypothesis that the earliest forms of life, the earliest unicellular organisms arrived on the surface of the earth from interstellar space seems a very unlikely one.

At the known evidence points to the view that the earliest living units arose from inanimate materials in the primeval oceans, and that in the ago-long history of evolution all living organisms have descended from these earliest ancestors. But what were they like?

Most of the infectious diseases of animals and plants are due to infecting agents of extremely small size—the so-called filterable viruses. Some of them have been seen under the most powerful microscope. Yet they can grow and multiply in living organisms. It is presumed that they are also living organisms, but very much smaller than ordinary bacteria and bacilli. Perhaps the early units of life were very much smaller than the filterable viruses.

Suppose now that in a scientific laboratory we could arrange conditions suitable for the genesis of these primeval units of life (such conditions may even occur to-day in our existing ocean).

How could we recognise them as such? In order to derive from them the living organisms and living cells with which we are familiar, might we not have to "train" them, to subject them to a long and special process—extending, perhaps, through thousands of years—in order that they should acquire the special historical character of life as we know and recognise it?

The reader will perceive that I have returned to the point from which I started—but with a certain satisfaction.

It consists of the following statement:

(1) We do not know whether we can produce life from what we regard as the non-living;

(2) If we produce the fundamental units of life from the non-living, we should probably not know what we have produced;

(3) The living organisms that we recognise as such cannot be "synthesised" without a special history;

(4) To the old adage omnia vivunt, e vivi add another; nihil vivunt sine proprio historio.

(The next article in this series will be: "Is There Life on the Planets?" by the Astronomer-Royal.)

ERBERT IGGS

Fan Male

To The Editor,

The Hongkong Telegraph.

dear mister editor,—anks for the fan male wot you sent on to me cor-
louche wot it makes me feel like a
flying film star

sum of fans wants me to write

sum more about istory an jography

they seems eger ter lern fings like

that so i ave desidit this week ter
teach em sum stence corlouche theres

plenty of fings in stend wot people

don't know

fristance ow meny people know

water is composed by two gins

oxygin an hydrogin is gin and water

then the process of turnin steam

inter water is corled conversation

and the difference between air and

water is air kin be made wetter but

water carnt

see wot i mean?

then theres nifrogin if there was

no nifrogin in the air we should die

of fits of larfer therre alat no nifro-

gin in Ireland becos it gnt found in

a free state

wen people breezes air they in-

spires and wen they don't breeze

they expires and respiration is two

feet inspiration and exspiration

then theres therm, therm is a

germe wot sneeks inter the gas-

sumphun and a thermometer is a

instrumet for rulsh temperance

they got wun of these darn ole

cluthes place

it yu as a igh temprature yu

insults a docter and e gives yu

quinine wich is the bark of a tree

and aint the same as canine wich

is the bark of a dog

cor stone me sideways it aint arf

a blinkin knockout ov much yu can

lern in silence i bort a book ritten

by a bloke corled charley darw-

the book is corled the organ of

spices and ole, charley sez ole men

sprung from monkeys corlouche

seems ter me sum didnt spring so far

as uvvers

i wonder wot charley wud ave

corled little ole iler and the little

ole fitt collum?

in silence iler is corled ammonium

wich is unuvver word fer silly

manne

pritty good that wun aint it?

bungo mister edder

yoers trowly

ERBERT IGGS

Appeal For More A.R.P. Workers

LONDON, June 7 (Reuter).—Sir

John Anderson broadcast an appeal

to the nation for more A.R.P. and Civil

Defence volunteers.

He said that the war was already

at our doors and to-morrow, might

be in our midst.

"For months," he continued, "we

have waited on a 'stand-by' basis.

Now it is 'stand-to'.

"At any moment the Civil Defence

Services may be called upon to go

into action with their full strength."

WORK ON LAND SCHEME

LONDON, June 7 (Reuter).—Boys

who are in the period between

leaving school and attaining military

age will be assisted by the Ministry

of Agriculture to go to work on the

land.

Refugees from the Low Countries

who are experts at farming, are also

included in this scheme.

HONGKONG TELEGRAPH

June 8, 1940.

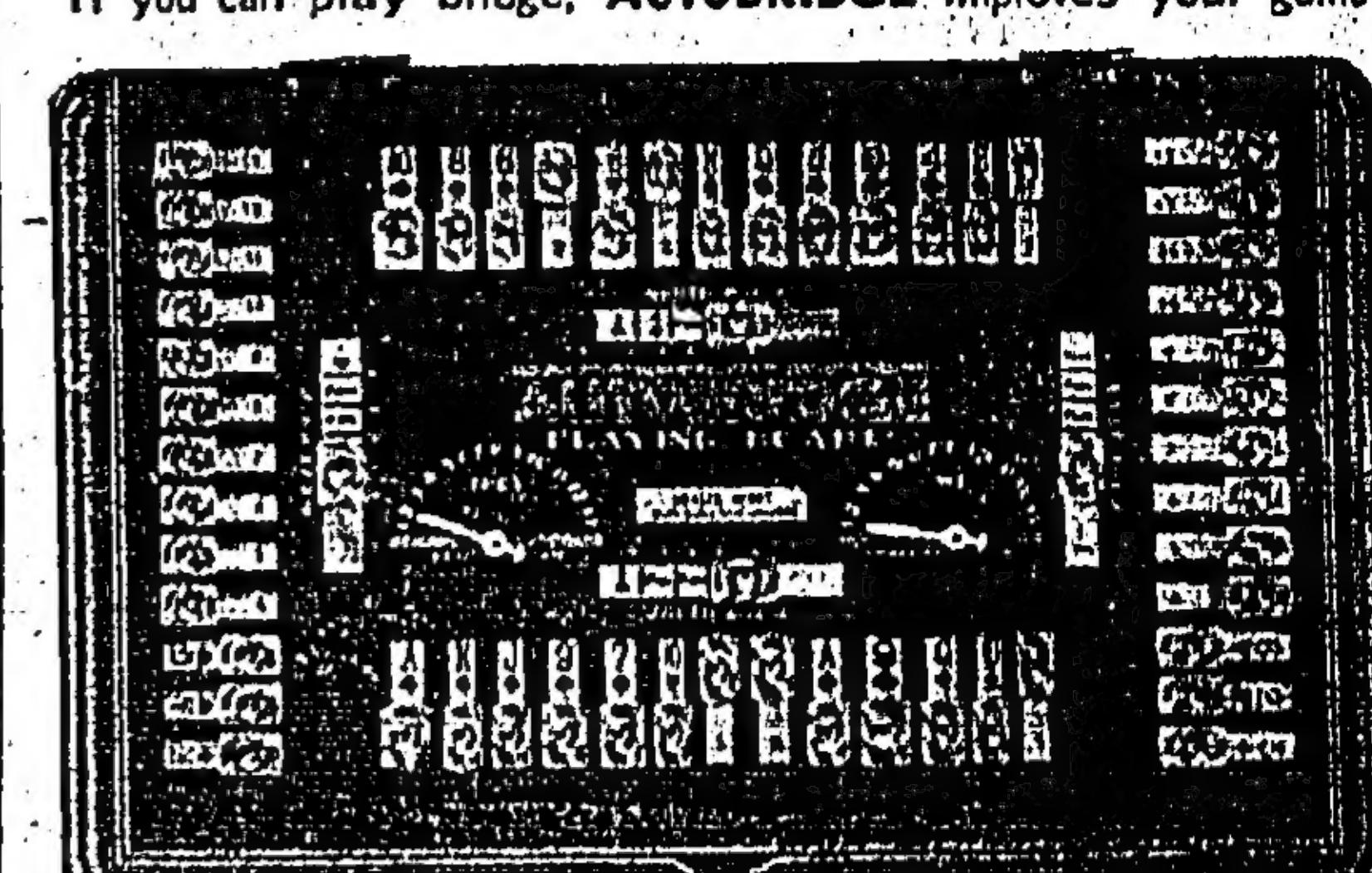
By Ernie Bushmiller

AUTOBRIDGE

THE PERFECT WAY TO LEARN OR IMPROVE YOUR BRIDGE GAME

If you can't play Bridge, AUTOBRIDGE teaches you RIGHT!

If you can play Bridge, AUTOBRIDGE improves your game!



Young or old—spry or sedate—male or female—everybody loves Autobridge.

It's really four-handed Contract Bridge—only it is played by one person!

The player bids, buys the hand, plays his cards just as in a regular game. But—he's got to play perfectly—or he's automatically stopped short and corrected.

ORIGINAL & SMART

SPORTS & GAMES EQUIPMENT DEPT.

LANE, CRAWFORD LTD.

THE HOUSE OF QUALITY AND SERVICE

Crossword Puzzle

By LARS MORRIS

ANSWER TO PREVIOUS PUZZLE

1—Combining term: *peculiar*
2—One who collects *curios*
3—Held *madly*
4—Travelled widely
5—Infested on skin
6—Knew India "of old"
7—Meters wide
8—Meters wide
9—Meters wide
10—Meters wide
11—Meters wide
12—Meters wide
13—Meters wide
14—M

CARTOON

By Strube



GETTING TO GRIPS

BEHIND THE HEADLINES—by JOHN BLUNT

CONCERNING the criticism which has been levelled at the leading newspapers in Hongkong acent the publication of news from German sources, the statement by Mr. Duff-Cooper in the House of Commons on Wednesday of this week, deserves repeating:

"It is not the policy of the Ministry of Information to prevent the publication of German 'official communiques', stated Mr. Duff-Cooper, "the falsity of which have so often been proved that they should now be universally discredited. Any alteration of that policy at the present moment might be misrepresented both in this country and elsewhere."

Fortunately, the majority of newspaper readers in this enlightened age, are able to think for themselves, and to discount the claims which come from the camp of the enemy. It is much better to hear the assertions and policy of the other side, than to be treated as children who must not be frightened.

Hitler's Chagrin

EVENTS move with such bewildering rapidity that the sensations of one week are almost forgotten by the next.

The defection of the Belgian King, which momentarily stunned public feeling, faded into insignificance while the story of the evacuation of British and French troops from Flanders was being unfolded. The transportation of 330,000 men across the Channel surprised and relieved us. The surprise and chagrin of Hitler can well be imagined, and the effect on the morale of his hordes—after his promise to extirpate the entire Allied Force—must be of no little importance.

To the British and French troops who against seemingly overwhelming odds, following the dilemma created by the surrender of Belgium—goes out the profound admiration and thanks of all men. To the Royal Navy, the Royal Air Force, the Merchant Navy and those ancillary services, do we pay tribute. Need we fear for the future when we see such overwhelming evidence that British men are made of the stern stuff they are.

The New Offensive

DURING the latter part of this week, Hitler's latest move to overthrow France has commenced.

Whatever the ordeal, the French will not flinch, and together with the B.E.F., will resist pressure until the hour comes for them to turn the tables. We are apt to think

more of the danger which confronts our forces than to which the Germans are exposed. The ordeal is not one-sided, and the German army will have to stand up to terrific punishment before it is finally defeated. The latter may have been spoon-fed with the doctrine of mass military psychology, but the perfection of the goose-step and the spectacular parades so favoured by Germany during the last few years, are, after all, but empty bravado.

Mussolini's Indecision

ITALY has yet to take the final and fatal plunge. Reading between the lines, it does appear that Mussolini is 'twixt the devil and the deep sea!

It may well be that the mob meanness and bombast of Hitler has had its effect, but there is no doubt that the future of the Italians depends upon their present policy being guided by some counsel.

When the veil is removed from the part being played by President Roosevelt in the matter of Italy's possible entry into the war on the side of Germany, I believe that it will be seen that the efforts of the United States to check the spreading of the war to the middle East, will have been of paramount importance. America's great and natural desire is to avoid war and to encourage peace. At the same time, her whole weight may confidently be expected on the side of the Allies both morally and materially.

Aliens In Hongkong

IT is only natural that there should be some sympathy for Germans who must leave this Colony. In fact, who must leave the British Empire.

It must however, be remembered that our sympathy and tolerance have been demonstrated for centuries. It is a cardinal principle of our race that we protect all men and penalise none. We do rightly insist that our laws and ideals shall not be abused. It may be, and I am quite prepared to believe, that some Germans abhor Hitler and his work. We cannot take any chances, however, and this must be realised by the possible few who are called upon to bear the consequences of their own country's policy. If hardship is entailed, it is not of our doing.

Some time ago, I pointed out that although some Germans whispered in confidence that they were strongly opposed to Hitlerism, none had courage to say so openly. In the absence of any spirited public protest or denunciation of their rulers, when they were free to do so, it is useless to complain now.

—RADIO—

ZBW, 355 metres (845 k.c.) and 31.49 metres (9,520 kilo-cycles)

Beethoven Concerto No. 5
The "Emperor"

Broadcast by Z. B. W. on a Frequency of 845 k.c.s. and on Short Wave from 1-15 p.m. and 8-12 midnight on 9.52 m.c.s. per second. 12.15 p.m. Short Service of Intermission. 12.30 Songs by Joseph Hislop (Tenor). 12.40 The New Mayfair Orchestra. 1.00 Local Time Signal and Weather Report. 1.03 Reginald Dixon at the Organ. 1.13 Victor Silvester and His Ballroom Orchestra in Dance Music. 1.30 Reuter and Rugby Press, Weather Forecast and Announcements. 1.42 A Dance Programme by Billy Thorburn and His Music. 2.00 Close Down. 2.00 Beethoven—Concerto No. 5 in E Flat Major, Op. 73 ("Emperor"). Artur Schnabel (Piano) and the London Symphony Orchestra conducted by Dr. Malcolm Sargent. 6.40 Schubert Songs. 6.50 Closing Local Stock Quotations. 6.52 Verdi's "La Traviata" Act III. 7.30 London Relay—The News. 8.00 Local Time Signal, Weather Report and Announcements. 8.03 Lulzini—Ballet Egyptien. 8.17 Mirek Weber and His Orchestra. Request Variety Programme. 8.15 London Relay—News Summary.

AIR FORCE VALUE

Harassing Attacks On
Enemy Columns

Paris, June 7. An Air Ministry communiqué today stated: "Since the beginning of the Somme battle French chasers have been active. Since the early morning they have ceaselessly harassed German columns, tanks and motorised units."

"With admirable courage and energy, our planes, in close contact with the land forces, continued their operations morning and afternoon. The effect of this vigorous action is observed in many points. For instance, columns were destroyed and the jamming of material was caused by our bombs."

"Pursuit planes protected bombers and the French supply columns and engaged in many battles, the result of which are not yet known. It is confirmed that over 40 enemy planes were shot down yesterday. Our bombers dropped 150 tons of explosives on the front and rear of the enemy."

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"With admirable courage and energy, our planes, in close contact with the land forces, continued

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SONG BY SONG... SCENE BY SCENE
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Associate Producer: Fred C. Frazee. Music: Maxxie Johnson
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Latest FOX MOVIEONE NEWS
I'M SORRY I MADE YOU CRY & MAMMY & CALIFORNIA. HERE I COME

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Columbia Picture : "THE AMAZING MR. WILLIAM"

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TREMENDOUSLY SCALED STORY IN SWEEPING SCENES!
The screen unfolds a thrilling drama that swings from
blazing sands of the Sudan to the charm of London.
RONALD COLMAN
at his best as Dick Heldar... artist...
adventure... dreamer... lover...
"THE LIGHT THAT FAILED"
with WALTER HUSTON
IDA LUPINO & MURIEL ANGELUS
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Presented by
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MATINEES: 20c.-30c. · EVENINGS: 20c.-30c.-50c.-70c.

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The Master-Detective Against His Arch-Enemy
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• TO-MORROW, MONDAY, TUESDAY •

HOLLYWOOD'S GREAT WAR DRAMA WHICH THE NAZIS
TRIED TO SUPPRESS! The Story of the Heroic British Nurse
who Sacrificed Her Life in the Cause of Humanity!

ANNA NEAGLE
NURSE
EDITH CAVELL
IN HER FIRST GREAT
HOLLYWOOD PRODUCTION
The war story that
shocked the world
now rocks the screen
with
EDNA MAY OLIVER
GEORGE BREWER
RAY ROBSON · ZEBU PITTS
H. B. WARREN · BOSTON STEWART
MATT SMITH · ROBERT COOTE
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at 1 and 3, Wyndham Street in the City of Victoria, Hongkong.

LATE NEWS

THESE FIRMS ARE ENEMIES

Dozens of formerly well-known business houses are included in the new list of enemy firms published in the Government Gazette to-day.

It is now forbidden to trade with more than 200 firms in the Far East. The firms affected in China are —

CHINA

A.E.G. China Electric Co., Agfa China Co. (Otto & Co.), Bayer Pharma Co., Behn Meyer China Co., Ltd., Belersdorff & Co., A. G., Bohler Bros. & Co., Ltd., Carlowitz & Co., Chien Hsin Engineering Co., G.m.b.H., China Export-Import & Bank Co., A.G. (Ltd.), Coutinho Caro & Co., Dau, Hugo & Co., "Dofag" Deutsche Farben Handelsgesellschaft (Walbel & Co.), Demag, A. G. (Duisburg), Deutsch-Asiatische Bank, Deutsche Farben Handelsgesellschaft ("Dofag"), Walbel & Co., Deutsche Gold-und-Silber Schmelzwerk (vormals Rossmann), Deutsche Handels A.G., Deutsche Lufthansa A.E. (Vertretung China), Deutsche Stickstoff Handelsgesellschaft, Krauch & Co., Deutsches Nachrichten Bureau, Eickhoff & Co., Ferrostaal A. G. (Essen), Fuhrmann & Co., German China Shippers (Schuster, Nimpfius & Co.), German Forwarding & Stevedoring Co., German State Railways Travel Office, Glathe & Witt, Gleue, Adolf & Co., Gropahn & Co., Gutachungsanstalt Oberhausen A.G., Haeusler, W. Hamburg-Amerika Line ("Hapag") Handelsgesellschaft fuer Industrielle Produkte m.b.H., Huepeden & Co., Illes & Co., Jann & Co., Klingsberg & Wieder, Koreska, W. Krauch & Co., Deutsche Stielkof Handelsgesellschaft, Krause, Ernst, & Co., Kunst & Albers, Kunst & Albers, Leo's General Store (Aug. Michel), Leipzig Fair, China Office, Lubecker Maschinenbau Gesellschaft, M.A.N. Works, China Branch (Maschinenfabrik (Augsburg-Nuernberg), Marrenesmannrohrwerke A. G. Komolow (China Branch), Mee-Yeh Handels Compagnie, Melchers & Co., E. Merck, Chemical Co., Ltd., "Ming" Muehlein & Industrie A. G. Braunschweig, Aug. Michel, W. Niggemann, & Co., Ueckermann, Max & Co. G.m.b.H., Norddeutscher Lloyd, Bremen, Orenstein & Koppel A. G., Ostasiatischer Lloyd, Otto & Co., Afra China Co., Poggensee, Christian (Hamburg), Poldi Steel Works (China Branch), Poldi Steel Works, Rehfu, W. F., Reuter, Brockelman & Co., Rheinmetall-Borsig, Rickmers Line, Roehlingshald Chinia G.m.b.H., Rohde & Co., Scherling, Ltd., Schleper, Carl, Schmidt & Co., Ltd., Schnabel Gaumer & Co., Schoeller-Bleckmann Steel Works, Ltd. (Vienna), Schuster, Nimpfius & Co., German China Shippers, Siemens China Co., Siemens & Co., Stahl Union Export G.m.b.H., Steel Union China Co., Studi & Co., Telefunken East Asiatic Wireless Telegraph Co., Transoceanic News Service, United Upper Silesian Iron Works (Vereinigte Ober-schlesische Huettenwerke, A. G. Gleiwitz), Van Reekum Paper Company (Shanghai) Ltd., Wagner Gunther (Feliikan Werke, Hanover), Walbel & Co., "Dofag" Deutsche Farben Handelsgesellschaft, Wolff, Otto Koehl (Far Eastern Branch), Yung Zeng Peppermint Oil Co.

At 8 p.m. the War Office announced: "The impression is favourable at the end of the third day."

The official analysis says that the number of German troops has been trebled since last Wednesday, and now includes all available reserves.

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